COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019



Prepared by: Administration and Finance Department Buddy Kuhn, City Manager Robert Galindo, Director of Finance

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended September 30, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Alamo Heights 6116 Broadway SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78209 210-822-3331



March 9, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Alamo Heights, Texas:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Alamo Heights, Texas (City) for the year ended September 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. The report has been coordinated by the City's Administration and Finance Department. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

ABIP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Alamo Heights financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this Letter of Transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

This report includes all activities, functions, and organizations that relate to the City and are controlled by its governing body, the City Council.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Alamo Heights, incorporated in 1922, operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of a mayor and five council members. All council members and the mayor are elected-at-large for staggered two-year terms.

Under the council-manager form of government, the city council is responsible for the legislative function of the City such as establishing policy, passing local ordinances, voting appropriations, and developing an overall vision for the City. The city council appoints a professional manager to oversee the administrative operations, implement its policies, and advise it.

The city manager serves as chief executive officer and is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the city government, planning and budgetary management.

The City prides itself on the quality of its service delivery to its residents. In the future, residents can continue to expect to receive prompt, courteous service from city staff.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City is located within the San Antonio metropolitan area, completely surrounded by the City of San Antonio, the seventh largest city in the country, and other small municipalities. Most of the revenues for the City of Alamo Heights are not from tourism, which is a major revenue source for the San Antonio area. Property taxes constitute the majority of general fund revenues, representing 54 percent of general fund revenues. The City's revenue sources remained strong through the entire Fiscal Year ending September 30, 2019.

Despite its inclusion in such a major urban setting, Alamo Heights has retained its small town charm, recognized for its quiet residential streets and graceful older homes. Due to this factor, as well as the outstanding area schools, the City of Alamo Heights has long been considered one of the most desirable residential locations in the metropolitan area.

Zoning requirements that limit commercial development to two main thoroughfares and adopted Residential Development Standards enhance the primarily residential character of the City. Restrictions are also placed on the types of activities allowed. The most typical commercial activities are specialty retail stores, professional offices, restaurants and banks. The City has no industrial activity.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Controls

The City adopts a budget for the general fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, capital replacement fund, street maintenance fund, comprehensive fund and the utility fund on an annual basis. Revenues are budgeted by fund, while expenditures are budgeted by department within the fund. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which management must seek the approval of City Council before amending the budget) is the citywide level. This means that the City Manager has the authority to move amounts between line items within a department and from one department to another. These transfers cannot have the net effect of increasing total budgeted expenditures. Each department head is responsible for monitoring departmental expenditures on an ongoing basis. Formal reports with budget to actual comparisons are presented to the city council quarterly.

Financial Policy

The emergency reserve for the General Fund should equal 35% of the departmental operating allocations. For the Utility Fund, working capital should equal 20% of operating allocations. The emergency reserve should only be utilized if the city council deems it absolutely necessary to address some unforeseen and extraordinary occurrence such as a natural disaster, catastrophic loss or significant change in financial position.

Debt

The City issues debt for the purpose of financing long-term infrastructure capital improvements. Infrastructure, as referred to by the City, means economic externalities essentially required to be provided by government to support a community's basic human needs, economic activity, safety, education, and quality of life. Types of debt that can be issued by the City include ad valorem tax-supported bonds and/or certificates of obligation. Adherence to conservative financial management has allowed the City to meet its financing needs while at the same time maintaining its excellent financial reputation. The city debt policy to limit debt to 1% of assessed property valuations.

Certificates of obligation in the amount of \$7.5 million were sold in 2007 at an interest rate of 3.99% to acquire a new firefighting and rescue apparatus; make repairs, extensions and improvements to the City's water system and sanitary sewer system; construct street and sidewalk improvements; fund storm water drainage master plan; repair, modify and renovate various City facilities and pay professional services related to such projects.

In November of 2011, citizens voted to issue \$6.3 million in General Obligation Bonds for the purpose of demolishing and replacing and in certain cases renovating, the City's existing public safety and administrative facilities in order to construct new City Hall facilities. On February 1, 2012 the bonds rated a AA+ were sold at a true interest rate of 2.165%. On April 7, 2014 Standard and Poors upgraded the rating to AAA stable.

In June 2016, the City issued GO Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$2.975 million for the remaining portion of the 2007 Certificates of Obligation callable in August 2017. The interest rates were very competitive and the City realized net present value savings of \$195,355. The city received a bond rating of AAA from Standard and Poors.

Relevant Financial Policies

Maintenance and improvement of the City's infrastructure is a priority of the City Council. A 20-year Street Maintenance Plan was developed which allows for the proper maintenance of every City street over a 20-year period. The City's annual Street Maintenance Plan includes several major street projects.

In November 2008 voters approved a $\frac{1}{4}$ cent sales tax for a 4-year period to fund street maintenance. A Street Maintenance Fund was created to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the maintenance of city streets. The voters reauthorized this tax in November 2016. Residents voted to approve an additional $\frac{1}{4}$ cent sales tax in May 2017 for a total of a $\frac{1}{2}$ cent sales tax dedicated for street maintenance.

In fiscal year 2010 the City established a Capital Replacement Fund to account for all of the revenues and expenditures associated with the replacement of vehicles and major capital equipment purchases. A schedule of equipment needs was established and is reviewed annually along with the budget making any necessary additions or deletions from the schedule.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City is committed to continue funding its capital program on a pay-as-you-go basis. Transfers to the Street Maintenance Fund and the Capital Replacement Fund from the General Fund play a significant role in short-term and long-term financial strategies. Each year during the budget process the 20-year Street Maintenance Program is reviewed and revised for the coming year along with the 10-year Capital Replacement Program. Revenue and expense projections for the current year provide staff and council with the necessary information to determine the amount to be transferred to these plans for the current year and budgeted transfers for the coming year.

In an effort to provide the high-quality services to our utility customers, an ongoing program in the utility fund provides a minimum of two percent (2%) of the total replacement value of the water distribution system in improvements as well as two percent (2%) of the total replacement of the sanitary sewer system budgeted for improvements. This is done in coordination with the street maintenance program in an effort to minimize traffic disruption and disturbing streets.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Each year, the City's management team, in association with the city council, creates and presents to the full city council, for their consideration and approval, a Strategic Action Plan that establishes action steps that are adopted to be accomplished during the next fiscal year. The Strategic Action Plan serves as a baseline for the formulation of the Annual Budget and each action step is assigned to individual city departments to be accomplished and to specific city council committees for review. The Strategic Action Plan adopted for fiscal year 2017-2018 is as follows:

- <u>Governance and Communication</u> Promote honest and open government through civic engagement and informative and responsive communication with our customers.
- <u>Infrastructure and Services</u> Properly maintain and strategically improve infrastructure and provide excellent city services.

- <u>Neighborhood Character and Commercial Revitalization</u> Enhance and protect the unique character of our neighborhoods while supporting the development of a vibrant and attractive commercial district.
- <u>Accountability and Management</u> Be responsible stewards of public resources and utilize best management practices for our residents.

During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the City continued a number of strategic initiatives, the most significant of these are:

- Continued funding of street maintenance and sidewalks
- Installation of water mains by City staff to address water and waste water separation compliance mandated by Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)
- Continued study of Economic Development Plans

Further refinement of the plan and implementation will occur in the next fiscal year. Major projects identified in the planning process include infrastructure needs related to water, sewer, streets, drainage and facilities.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Alamo Heights for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the twelve months ended September 30, 2018. This was the twenty-second consecutive period that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the administrative department. I would like to express my sincere appreciation to Robert Galindo, Director of Finance, for his leadership on this project and all members of the leadership team who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Buddy Kuhn

Buddy Kuhn City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Alamo Heights Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended September 30, 2019

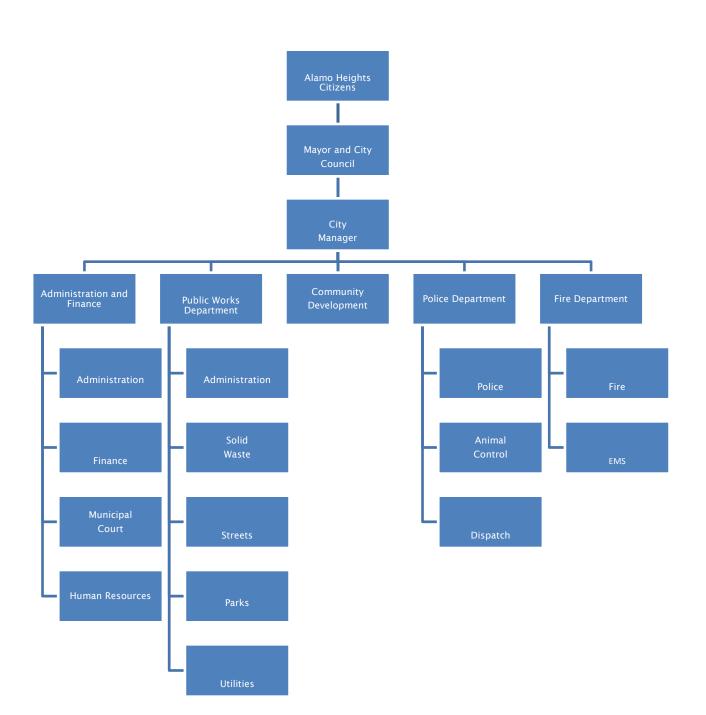
CITY OFFICIALS

Mayor	Bobby Rosenthal
Council Members	Lawson Jessee Wes Sharples Fred Prassel John Savage Lynda Billa Burke
City Manager	Buddy Kuhn
City Attorney - Davidson Troilo Ream and Garza	Frank Garza
Director of Finance	Robert Galindo
Community Development Director	Nina Shealey
Public Works Director	Patrick Sullivan
Fire Chief	Mike Gdovin
Police Chief	Rick Pruitt

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended September 30, 2019

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alamo Heights, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alamo Heights, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alamo Heights, Texas, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of changes in other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and related ratios, and related schedules of contributions for net pensions and OPEB liabilities be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alamo Heights, Texas's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, non-major funds schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance-budget and actual, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

ABIP, PZ

San Antonio, Texas March 9, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

For the year ended September 30, 2019

As management of the City of Alamo Heights, Texas, (the City), readers are offered the City's financial statements, this narrative overview, and analysis of the City's financial activities for year ending September 30, 2019. The City encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

- Property tax revenue was \$6,596,419 and increased by more than 4.8% from last year. The increase was due to an increase in the appraised property values.
- Investments of the City are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act and are limited to interest-earning bank accounts, mutual funds, obligations of the United States government, statewide investment pools, and certificates of deposit. Investment earnings for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$282,180 as compared to \$179,679 for the year ended September 30, 2018. This increase was the result of an increase in the investment balances related to the operations and rising interest rates.
- The City's change in net position which includes all activity types increased this year by \$1,641,207.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, using accounting methods similar to a private-sector business. These statements include all assets and liabilities on the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements should distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by the City's taxing units and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, sanitation, planning and development and parks and recreation. The business-type activity of the City is comprised of the utility operations. The City is the primary government and has no component units.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. Fund financial statements provide more information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statement focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains the following governmental funds: a general fund, seven (7) special revenue funds, three capital projects fund, and a debt service fund. These funds are presented in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The City adopts an annual budget for the general fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, street maintenance fund, comprehensive plan fund, and capital replacement fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided as supplemental information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its utility operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and a budgetary comparison schedule.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. In the City's case, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,520,802 at September 30, 2019. Of this amount, \$4,843,661 or approximately 26% represents unrestricted net position available to the City for operations.

The City's capital assets represent investments in land, buildings and improvements, furniture, office equipment, computers, infrastructure and the utility system. Approximately 62% of total assets represent capital assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to the taxing units and the citizens and property owners of Alamo Heights; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Further, at year end, the City ended with \$10,680,104, or approximately 33% of total assets, in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and investments, which represent adequate liquidity compared to total assets of \$32,604,319. Long-term liabilities amounted to \$14,009,560, which represents net pension liability, other postemployment benefits liability, certificates of obligations, general obligations, premiums on bonds, capital lease, and amounts accrued for compensated absences.

Statement of Net Position

		MENTAL	BUSINESS		TOTAL				
	-	VITIES	ACTIVI						
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Assets									
Other assets	\$ 10,306,134	\$ 10,059,571	\$ 2,203,202	\$ 2,068,905	\$ 12,509,336	\$ 12,128,476			
Capital assets	10,993,694	10,234,422	9,101,289	9,407,681	20,094,983	19,642,103			
Total assets	21,299,828	20,293,993	11,304,491	11,476,586	32,604,319	31,770,579			
Deferred outflows of resources	1,691,565	796,941	227,350	131,586	1,918,915	928,527			
Liabilities									
Long-term liabilities	12,162,688	11,357,042	1,846,872	1,871,687	14,009,560	13,228,729			
Other liabilities	1,257,308	1,278,879	388,688	544,976	1,645,996	1,823,855			
Total liabilities	13,419,996	12,635,921	2,235,560	2,416,663	15,655,556	15,052,584			
Deferred inflows of resources	312,189	690,014	34,687	76,913	346,876	766,927			
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	5,348,886	3,795,534	7,959,240	8,137,876	13,308,126	11,933,410			
Restricted	369,015	1,375,530	-	-	369,015	1,375,530			
Unrestricted	3,541,307	2,593,935	1,302,354	976,720	4,843,661	3,570,655			
Total net position	\$ 9,259,208	\$ 7,764,999	\$ 9,261,594	\$ 9,114,596	\$ 18,520,802	\$ 16,879,595			

Statement of Activities

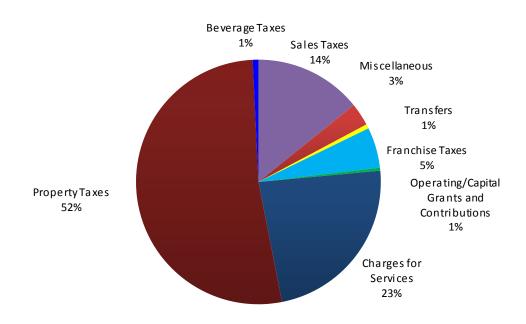
At September 30, 2019, the governmental activities ended with an overall increase in net position of \$1,494,209. Property taxes account for approximately 53% of governmental activities revenues and increased in the current year due to increase property tax valuations.

The net position in the business-type activities increased by \$146,998. The net position provides for the operation and maintenance of the City's water distribution and sanitary sewer systems and for the provision of water and sewer services to its customers.

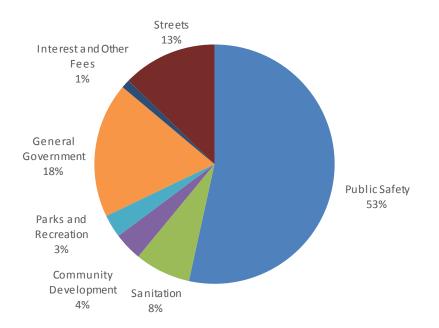
		GOVERN ACTI				BUSINE ACTI				TO	ΓAL	
	,	2019	,,,,,	2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
REVENUES		2017		2010		2017		2010		2017		2010
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	2,946,297	\$	2,501,491	\$	3,495,304	\$	3,523,432	\$	6,441,601	\$	6,024,923
Operating grants	Ŷ	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	2,001,191	Ψ	5,190,501	φ	5,025,152	Ψ	0,111,001	φ	0,021,920
and contributions		49,255		49,261		-		-		49,255		49,261
Capital grants		,		,						,		,
and contributions		-		553,374		-		-		-		553,374
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		6,596,419		6,292,204		-		-		6,596,419		6,292,204
Sales taxes		1,787,661		1,687,696		-		-		1,787,661		1,687,696
Franchise taxes		675,578		720,387		-		-		675,578		720,387
Beverage taxes		94,204		83,692		-		-		94,204		83,692
Unrestricted investment												
earnings		245,377		156,228		36,803		23,451		282,180		179,679
Miscellaneous		136,212		73,777		14,648		118,245		150,860		192,022
Sale of capital assets				6,508		-				-		6,508
Total revenues	1	2,531,003		12,124,618		3,546,755		3,665,128		16,077,758		15,789,746
EXPENSES												
General government		2,028,929		1,961,412		-		-		2,028,929		1,961,412
Public safety		5,933,177		5,742,935		-		-		5,933,177		5,742,935
Streets		1,411,531		1,013,595		-		-		1,411,531		1,013,595
Sanitation		837,197		831,282		-		-		837,197		831,282
Planning and development		423,144		400,675		-		-		423,144		400,675
Parks and recreation		344,389		333,293		-		-		344,389		333,293
Interest and other fees		129,228		127,671		-		-		129,228		127,671
Utility						3,328,956		3,352,294		3,328,956		3,352,294
Total expenses	1	1,107,595		10,410,863		3,328,956		3,352,294		14,436,551		13,763,157
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers		1,423,408		1,713,755		217,799		312,834		1,641,207		2,026,589
position before transfers		1,425,408		1,/15,/55		217,799		512,654		1,041,207		2,020,389
TRANSFERS		70,801		66,246		(70,801)		(66,246)		-		-
		<u> </u>										
Change in net position		1,494,209		1,780,001		146,998		246,588		1,641,207		2,026,589
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		7,764,999		6,324,621		9,114,596		8,891,869		16,879,595		15,216,490
RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING												
NET POSITION		-		(339,623)		-		(23,861)		-		(363,484)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING												
								0.070.555		4 4 0		
AS RESTATED		7,764,999		5,984,998		9,114,596		8,868,008		16,879,595		14,853,006
NET BOOTION ENDING	¢	0.050.000	<i>•</i>	- - (/ 000	¢	0.0(1.50)	¢	0.114.504	<i>•</i>	10.500.005	¢	16.070.505
NET POSITION – ENDING	\$	9,259,208	\$	7,764,999	\$	9,261,594	\$	9,114,596	\$	18,520,802	\$	16,879,595

Changes in Net Position

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



Expenses by Function – Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The City reported the general fund, the capital replacement fund, the capital projects fund, and the streets maintenance fund as major governmental funds. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The primary source of revenue in the general fund consists of property taxes. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,374,977 compared to \$4,487,739 in 2018, an increase of \$887,238. This change was due to the increase in ad valorem collections, sales and franchise tax revenues during the year. The fund balance reflects a point in time and the effect of the tax cycle. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the capital replacements fund was \$1,382,447 compared to \$1,112,340 in 2018, an increase of \$270,107 due to a transfer for anticipated purchases of capital assets in accordance with the City's capital replacement plans.

Proprietary Funds

As reported earlier, the primary function of the proprietary funds of the City is the utility operation. Revenues for proprietary funds amounted to \$3,546,755 and expenses were \$3,328,956. This resulted in a \$146,998 increase in net position, before the restatement. Primary cause of the increase in net position was due to personnel turnover and commodity expenses being less than budgeted. Net position at year end was \$9,261,594.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The revision in the budget were amounts to be transferred to the Street Maintenance Fund and Capital Replacement Fund.

Revenues were more than budget by \$537,802 and expenditures were under budget by \$866,676. The savings in expenditures are mainly attributable to a reduction of staff positions as well as personnel turnover in the general fund. Significant budgetary variances during the period ended September 30, 2019 included the following:

• A majority of the positive revenue budget variance was attributed to licenses and permits which were over budget by \$464,626 in the positive.

Capital Assets

At the end of 2019, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was (net of accumulated depreciation) \$10,993,694 and \$9,101,289, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, office equipment, computers, infrastructure and the utility system. Depreciation expense for the year was \$1,422,448 and \$338,728 for governmental and business-type activities, respectively. For more detail on capital assets, refer to Note 3 of the financial statements.

Schedule of Change in Capital Assets

		GOVERN ACTI				BUSINE: ACTIV				TO		
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Land	\$	1,479,580	\$	1,479,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,479,580	\$	1,479,580
Buildings		7,032,795		7,267,057		-		-		7,032,795		7,267,057
Infrastructure		1,946,704		784,047		-		-		1,946,704		784,047
Improvements other than buildings Furniture, fixtures,		164,820		112,705		-		-		164,820		112,705
and equipment Utility system		369,795		591,033		30,896 9,070,393		43,672 9,364,009		400,691 9,070,393		634,705 9,364,009
Totals	<u>\$</u>	10,993,694	<u>\$</u>	10,234,422	<u>\$</u>	9,101,289	<u>\$</u>	9,407,681	<u>\$</u>	20,094,983	\$	19,642,103

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Net of Depreciation)

Long-Term Debt

The City's long-term debt consists of tax and revenue certificates of obligation, capital leases, and compensated absences.

		ERNMEN CTIVITI		BUSINE ACTI				TOTAL				
-	2019	9 2018		 2019		2018		2019		2018		
Certificates of obligation	\$ 5,615,0	00 \$	6,320,000	\$ 1,120,000	\$	1,245,000	\$	6,735,000	\$	7,565,000		
Capital leases	26,6	00	111,260	-		-		26,600		111,260		
Bond premium	58,8	36	81,798	67,629		76,083		126,465		157,881		
Compensated absences	365,6	12	338,520	 26,995		26,534		392,607		365,054		
Total debt	\$ 6,066,0	<u>48</u> <u></u>	6,851,578	\$ 1,214,624	\$	1,347,617	\$	7,280,672	\$	8,199,195		

Additional details about the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors

The economy in Alamo Heights and Texas is very stable. In September 2019, the unemployment rate was 2.9% in the metropolitan area. Property valuations have steadily increased and sales taxes are stable.

Request for Information

This comprehensive annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Robert Galindo, Director of Finance, 6116 Broadway, San Antonio, Texas, 78209.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

	GOVERNMENT AL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-T YPE ACT IVIT IES	TOTAL
ASSET S			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,649,652	\$ 1,562,390	\$ 10,212,042
Investments	468,062	-	468,062
Receivables - net of allowances			
for uncollectibles:	154 (10		154 (10
Taxes	154,610	-	154,610
Accounts	944,211	585,706	1,529,917
Prepaids	89,599	603	90,202
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	54,503	54,503
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	1,479,580	-	1,479,580
Capital assets - net of:			
Accumulated depreciation			
Buildings	7,032,795	-	7,032,795
Infrastructure	1,946,704	-	1,946,704
Improvements other than buildings	164,820	-	164,820
Utility system	-	9,070,393	9,070,393
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	369,795	30,896	400,691
Total assets	21,299,828	11,304,491	32,604,319
DEFERRED OUT FLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows - loss on refunding	55,628	45,580	101,208
Deferred outflows related to TMRS pension	1,613,403	179,267	1,792,670
Deferred outflows related to TMRS DEFINITION	22,534	2,503	25,037
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,691,565	227,350	1,918,915
	1,031,505		1,710,715
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	271,185	144,672	415,857
Other payables	-	39,943	39,943
Accrued payroll	82,698	10,413	93,111
Due to other governments	49,555	-	49,555
Accrued interest	46,335	4,275	50,610
Payable from restricted assets:			
Customer deposits	-	54,503	54,503
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one-year	807,535	134,882	942,417
Due in more than one year	5,258,513	1,079,742	6,338,255
Net pension liability	6,612,166	734,685	7,346,851
OPEB liability	292,009	32,445	324,454
Total liabilities	13,419,996	2,235,560	15,655,556
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to TMRS	273,874	30,430	304,304
Deferred inflows related to TMRS OPEB	38,315	4,257	42,572
Total deferred inflows of resources	312,189	34,687	346,876
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	5,348,886	7,959,240	13,308,126
Restricted for:			
Confiscated property	31,411	-	31,411
Court security	117,145	-	117,145
Community programs	34,063	-	34,063
Police training	31,154	-	31,154
Court technology	24,702	-	24,702
Animal services	4,766	-	4,766
Debt service	125,774	-	125,774
Unrestricted	3,541,307	1,302,354	4,843,661
Total net position	\$ 9,259,208	\$ 9,261,594	\$ 18,520,802

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended September 30, 2019

					GRAM ENUES		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Е	EXPENSES		ARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$	2,028,929	\$	1,868,754	\$	32,454	
Public safety		5,933,177		714,163		16,801	
Streets		1,411,531		-		-	
Sanitation		837,197		363,380		-	
Community							
Development		423,144		-		-	
Parks and recreation		344,389		-		-	
Interest and other fees		129,228		_		<u> </u>	
Total governmental							
activities		11,107,595		2,946,297		49,255	
Business-Type Activities:							
Utility		3,328,956		3,495,304		<u> </u>	
Total government	\$	14,436,551	\$	6,441,601	\$	49,255	
	Gener	al revenues					
		kes:					
		Property taxes					
		Sales taxes					
		Franchise taxes					
		Beverage taxes					
		restricted invest	tmente	arnings			
		scellaneous					
	Trans						
	Tiuns		revenu	es and transfers			
		Change in ne	t nositi	2 <i>n</i>			
	NET F	POSITION AT B	EGINNI	ING OF YEAR			
	NET F	OSITION AT E	ND OF	YEAR			

		В	USINESS-	
	ERNMENTAL		TYPE	
Α	CTIVITIES	A	CTIVITIES	 TOTAL
\$	(127,721)	\$	-	\$ (127,72)
	(5,202,213)		-	(5,202,213
	(1,411,531)		-	(1,411,531
	(473,817)		-	(473,817
	(423,144)		-	(423,144
	(344,389)		-	(344,389
	(129,228)			 (129,228
	(8,112,043)		-	(8,112,043
			166,348	 166,348
	(8,112,043)		166,348	 (7,945,69
	6,596,419		-	6,596,419
	1,787,661		-	1,787,66
	675,578		-	675,578
	94,204		-	94,204
	245,377		36,803	282,18
	136,212		14,648	150,86
	70,801		(70,801)	
	9,606,252		(19,350)	 9,586,902
	1,494,209		146,998	1,641,20
	7,764,999		9,114,596	 16,879,595
\$	9,259,208	\$	9,261,594	\$ 18,520,802

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments \$ 5,000,109 \$ 097,57 \$ 1,382,447 \$ 1,116,965 \$ 452,552 \$ 8,649,652 Receivables - net of allowances for uncollectables - - - 99,066 Taxes, net 114,704 - - - 99,066 Accounts, net 839,362 201,489 - - 99,599 Total assets \$ 6,51,846 \$ 802,292 \$ 1,382,447 \$ 1,116,965 \$ 472,858 \$ 1,026,134 LLABILITIES - - - - - 40,555 Accrenel fabilities 144,753 \$ 61,336 - 5 23,700 \$ 1,387 404,325 De to ther governments 49,555 - - - 49,555 Total labilities 134,545 - - - 49,557 Total labilities 554,724 - - 19,878 154,423 Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - - 99,599 FUN BALANCES		GENERAL FUND		STREET I MAINTENANCE		CAPITAL REPLACEMENT FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Investments 468,062 - - 468,062 Receivables - net of allowances for uncollectribles 134,704 - - 19,006 154,610 Accounts, net 889,362 104,849 - - 942,211 Prepsids 89,599 - - - 942,211 Total assets \$ 6,531,886 \$ 80,2428 \$ 1,382,447 \$ 1,116,965 \$ 472,458 \$ 203,009 \$ 1,387 \$ 271,185 Accound Inbititis 134,633 \$ 61,336 \$ - 2 - 463,553 Due to other governments 49,555 - - - - 463,553 Total labilities 377,914 61,335 - - - - 464,523 Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - - 19,878 154,233 Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - - 19	ASSETS												
Taxes, net 134,704	Investments	\$		\$	697,579 -	\$	1,382,447	\$ 1,116,965	\$	452,552	\$		
Accounts, net 89,362 104,89 - - - - 94,211 Prepaids 89,599 - - - 89,599 89,599 Total assets \$ 6,51,836 \$ 80,2428 \$ 1,182,447 \$ 1,116,965 \$ 472,488 \$ 1,030,613 LIABILITIES - - - - - 143,633 Accounts payable \$ 184,753 \$ 6,1336 \$ - - 49,555 Total labilities 377,941 61336 - 23,709 \$ 1,887 \$ 271,185 Accounts payable 5 134,635 - - 19,575 - 49,555 Total labilities 377,491 19,878 154,232 DeFerence Invenues - taxes 134,545 19,878 554,774 Total deferred inflows of 19,878 34,411 34,411 Contriscated property			134 704							10 006		154 610	
Prepaids 89,599 . . <	·		-		104 849		-	-		19,900		· · · · · ·	
LLABILITIES S 184,753 S 61,336 S - S 1,387 S 271,185 Accounts payable S 143,633 - - - - 143,633 Due to other governments 143,633 - - - - 49,555 Total liabilities 377,941 61,336 - 23,709 1,387 44,273 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - 19,878 154,423 Uneamed revenues - warrants 554,774 - - 19,878 709,197 FUND BALANCES - - 19,878 709,197 709,197 FUND BALANCES - - - 89,599 - - 89,599 Confiscated property - - - 117,145 117,145 Conntiscated property - - - 31,641 31,154 Court security - - - 4,063 34,063 Police training			-				-	 -					
Accounts payable S 184,753 S 61,336 S - S 23,709 S 1,387 S 271,185 Accrued liabilities 143,033 - - - - - - - 49,555 Total liabilities 377,941 61,336 - - 23,709 S 1,387 S 271,185 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - - 23,709 S 1,387 S 271,185 Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - - 19,878 154,423 Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - - 19,878 709,197 FUND BALANCES - - 19,878 709,197 54,774 - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - - 19,878 709,197 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145 117,145	Total assets	\$	6,531,836	\$	802,428	\$	1,382,447	\$ 1,116,965	\$	472,458	\$	10,306,134	
Accrued labilities 143,633 - - - 143,633 Due to other governments 49,555 - - - 49,555 Total liabilities 377,941 61,336 - 23,709 1,387 464,373 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Uncamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - 19,878 154,423 Uneamed revenues - warrants .554,774 - - 19,878 709,197 FUND BALANCES - - 19,878 709,197 FUND BALANCES - - 89,599 - - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - 117,141 117,145 12,774 24,702 24,702	LIABILITIES												
Due to other governments 49,555 - - - 49,555 Total liabilities 377,241 61,336 - 23,709 1,387 464,373 DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - 19,878 154,423 Uneamed revenues - varants 554,774 - - . 554,774 Total deferred inflows of resources 689,319 - - . <td< td=""><td>Accounts payable</td><td>\$</td><td>184,753</td><td>\$</td><td>61,336</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$ 23,709</td><td>\$</td><td>1,387</td><td>\$</td><td>271,185</td></td<>	Accounts payable	\$	184,753	\$	61,336	\$	-	\$ 23,709	\$	1,387	\$	271,185	
Total labilities 377.941 61.336 23.709 1.387 464.373 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Accrued liabilities		143,633		-		-	-		-		143,633	
DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - 19,878 154,423 Uneamed revenues - warrants 554,774 - - 554,774 Total deferred inflows of resources 689,319 - - 19,878 709,197 FUND BALANCES Non-spendable - prepaids 89,599 - - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - - 31,411 31,411 31,411 Confiscated property - - - 89,599 - - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - - 117,145	Due to other governments		49,555		-		-	 -		-		49,555	
Uneamed revenues - taxes 134,545 - - - 19,878 154,423 Uneamed revenues - warrants 554,774 - - .	Total liabilities		377,941		61,336			 23,709		1,387		464,373	
Uneared revenues - warrants 554,774	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Total deferred inflows of resources 689,319 - - 19,878 709,197 FUND BALANCES Non-spendable - prepaids 89,599 - - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - - - 89,599 Confiscated property - - - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - - 31,411 31,411 Court security - - - 34,063 34,063 Police training - - - 31,154 31,154 Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - 125,774 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 5374,977	Unearned revenues - taxes		134,545		-		-	-		19,878		154,423	
resources 689,319 - - 19,878 709,197 FUND BALANCES Non-spendable - prepaids 89,599 - - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - - 31,411 31,411 Confiscated property - - - - 31,411 31,411 Contracecurity - - - - 34,063 34,063 Police training - - - - 31,154 31,154 Contructechnology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 24,702 24,702 Debt service - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 125,774 Street maintenance - 1,382,447 - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 1,93,256 1093,256 Oraprehensive plan - - 1,9	Unearned revenues - warrants		554,774		-			 				554,774	
FUND BALANCES Non-spendable - prepaids 89,599 Restricted for: Confiscated property - Contraction 31,411 Court security - Confiscated property - Confiscated property - Confiscated property - Contractional sections - Community programs - Police training - Court technology - - - Animal services - - - Debt service - Committed for: - Capital replacement - - - Comprehensive plan - - - Capital projects - - - Capital projects	Total deferred inflows of												
Non-spendable - prepaids 89,599 - - - 89,599 Restricted for: - - - 31,411 31,411 Confiscated property - - - 31,411 31,411 Court security - - - - 117,145 117,145 Community programs - - - 34,063 34,063 Police training - - - 31,154 31,154 Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 125,774 125,774 Debt service - - 125,774 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,882,447 - 1,882,447 Street maintenance 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 1,093,256 1,	resources		689,319		-		-	 -		19,878		709,197	
Restricted for: - - - 31,411 31,411 Courfiscated property - - - 31,411 31,411 Courfiscated property - - - 117,145 117,145 Community programs - - - 34,063 34,063 Police training - - - 31,154 31,154 Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - 125,774 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Street maintenance 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 1,093,256 1,093,256 Unassigned - - 1,093,256 1,093,256 Unassigned - - - 5,374,977 Total liabilities, deferred - - - 5,374,977 Inflows of resources	FUND BALANCES												
Confiscated property - - - 31,411 31,411 Court security - - - 117,145 117,145 Community programs - - - 34,063 34,063 Police training - - - 31,154 31,154 Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Assigned - - - 82,178 82,178 Capital projects - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447	Non-spendable - prepaids		89,599		-		-	-		-		89,599	
Court security - - - 117,145 117,145 Community programs - - - 34,063 34,063 Police training - - - 31,154 31,154 Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - 5,374,977 - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - 5,374,977	Restricted for:												
Community programs - - - 34,063 34,063 Police training - - - 31,154 31,154 Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total fuabilititis, deferred inflows of resources <	Confiscated property		-		-		-	-		31,411		31,411	
Police training - - - 31,154 31,154 Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 Total liabilities, deferred - - - 5,374,977 Total liabilities, deferred - - - 5,374,977 Total liabilities, deferred - - - 5,374,977 Total liabilities, deferred - - - - 5,374,977	Court security		-		-		-	-		117,145		117,145	
Court technology - - - 24,702 24,702 Animal services - - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - - 5,374,977	Community programs		-		-		-	-		34,063		34,063	
Animal service - - 4,766 4,766 Debt service - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Capital replacement - - 1,382,447 - - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred - - - - 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - 5,374,977 - - - - 5,374,977	Police training		-		-		-	-		-			
Debt service - - 125,774 125,774 Committed for: - 1,382,447 - 1,382,447 Capital replacement - - 1,382,447 - - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Capital projects - - - 5,374,977 - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - - 5,374,977			-		-		-	-		-			
Committed for: - - 1,382,447 - - 1,382,447 Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - - 5,374,977			-		-		-	-		· · · · ·		-	
Capital replacement - 1,382,447 - - 1,382,447 Street maintenance 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - 1,093,256 1,093,256 Capital projects - - 1,093,256 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources -			-		-		-	-		125,774		125,774	
Street maintenance - 741,092 - - 741,092 Comprehensive plan - - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Capital projects - - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred -													
Comprehensive plan - - - 82,178 82,178 Assigned - - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>1,382,447</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>			-		-		1,382,447	-		-			
Assigned - - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 5,374,977			-		741,092		-	-		-		-	
Capital projects - - 1,093,256 - 1,093,256 Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - - - - - 5,374,977			-		-		-	-		82,178		82,178	
Unassigned 5,374,977 - - - 5,374,977 Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources - - - - - 5,374,977	-							1 002 250				1 002 250	
Total fund balances 5,464,576 741,092 1,382,447 1,093,256 451,193 9,132,564 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			5 274 077		-		-	1,095,250		-			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	0				741.092		1 382 447	 1 093 256		451 193			
inflows of resources			5,707,570		171,072		1,502,777	 1,095,250		-1,175		7,102,004	
and fund balances <u>\$ 6,531,836</u> <u>\$ 802,428</u> <u>\$ 1,382,447</u> <u>\$ 1,116,965</u> <u>\$ 472,458</u> <u>\$ 10,306,134</u>		\$	6,531,836	\$	802,428	\$	1,382,447	\$ 1,116,965	\$	472,458	\$	10,306,134	

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

TOTAL FUND BALANCES – TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 9,132,564
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	10,993,694
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	709,197
Accrued vacation leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore not reported in the funds.	(304,677)
Long-term liabilities, which includes certificates of obligation bonds, general obligation bonds, premiums and capital lease payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(5,700,436)
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds are deferred outflows of resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	55,628
Net pension liability, other postemployment benefit liability, and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(5,580,427)
Accrued interest payable on certificates of obligation are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	 (46,335)
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position	\$ 9,259,208

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended September 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND	STREET MAINTENANCE	CAPITAL REPLACEMENT FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 7,713,803	\$ 595,887	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 849,444	\$ 9,159,134
Licenses and permits	959,826	-	-	-	-	959,826
Intergovernmental	424,769	-	-	-	40,507	465,276
Charges for services	1,294,874	-	-	-	-	1,294,874
Fines	276,946	-	-	-	11,185	288,131
Investment earnings	245,377	-	-	-	-	245,377
Miscellaneous	131,125		5,087		8,748	144,960
Total revenues	11,046,720	595,887	5,087		909,884	12,557,578
EXPENDITURES						
General government	1,655,612	-	-	51,459	24,504	1,731,575
Public safety	5,501,287	-	-	-	11,482	5,512,769
Streets	493,911	-	-	-	-	493,911
Sanitation	802,680	-	-	-	-	802,680
Planning and development	369,368	-	-	-	43,099	412,467
Parks and recreation	313,016	-	-	-	-	313,016
Capital outlay	-	2,063,350	47,002	71,368	-	2,181,720
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	84,660	-	705,000	789,660
Interest and fiscal charges			2,727		136,194	138,921
Total expenditures	9,135,874	2,063,350	134,389	122,827	920,279	12,376,719
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,910,846	(1,467,463)	(129,302)	(122,827)	(10,395)	180,859
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer out	(1,094,409)	-	-	-	-	(1,094,409)
Transfer in	70,801	300,000	399,409	350,000	45,000	1,165,210
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,023,608)	300,000	399,409	350,000	45,000	70,801
Net change in fund balances	887,238	(1,167,463)	270,107	227,173	34,605	251,660
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	4,577,338	1,908,555	1,112,340	866,083	416,588	8,880,904
FUND BALANCES – ENDING	\$ 5,464,576	\$ 741,092	<u>\$ 1,382,447</u>	<u>\$ 1,093,256</u>	\$ 451,193	<u>\$ 9,132,564</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended September 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	251,660
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
depreciation expense (\$2,181,720) exceeded capital outlay (\$1,422,448).		759,272
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(26,575)
The repayment and issuance of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds but has no effect on net position.		789,660
The amortization of bond premium and losses on refunding do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		4,420
Change in net pension liability, other postemployment benefits liability, and related deferred inflows and outflows do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(266,924)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(17,304)
	¢	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,494,209

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,562,390
Receivables - net of allowance for uncollectibles	585,706
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:	
Customer deposits - restricted	54,503
Prepaids	 603
Total current assets	 2,203,202
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Utility system	14,564,178
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	 547,983
Totals	15,112,161
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (6,010,872)
Total capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	 9,101,289
Total noncurrent assets	 9,101,289
Total assets	 11,304,491
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflow - loss on refunded debt	45,580
Deferred outflow - pension	179,267
Deferred outflow - OPEB	2,503
Total deferred outflows of resources	 227,350
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 11,531,841

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 144,672
Other payables	39,943
Accrued payroll	10,413
Customer deposits payable - restricted	54,503
Accrued interest payable	4,275
Compensated absences	4,882
Bonds payable due within one year	130,000
Total current liabilities	388,688
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net pension liability	734,685
OPEB liability	32,445
Compensated absences	22,113
Bonds payable due after one year	1,057,629
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,846,872
Total liabilities	2,235,560
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflow - pension	30,430
Deferred inflow - OPEB	4,257
Total inflows of resources	34,687
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,959,240
Unrestricted	1,302,354
Total net position	9,261,594
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	
and net position	\$ 11,531,841

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended September 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 3,495,304
Miscellaneous revenues	14,648
Total operating revenues	3,509,952
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Costs of sales and services	2,956,597
Depreciation	338,728
Total operating expenses	3,295,325
Operating income	214,627
NONOPERA TING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	36,803
Interest expense	(33,631)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,172
Income before transfers	217,799
TRANSFER OUT	(70,801)
Change in net position	146,998
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	9,114,596
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>\$ 9,261,594</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended September 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	3,403,908
Cash paid to suppliers		(2,166,676)
Cash paid to employees		(982,595)
Net cash provided by operating activities		254,637
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash paid to other funds		(70,801)
•		(70,001)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets		(32,336)
Payment of interest on debt		(36,700)
Payments on debt		(125,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(194,036)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		26,603
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,590,290
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,616,893
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - UNRESTRICTED	\$	1,562,390
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - RESTRICTED		54,503
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,616,893
RECONCILIA TION OF OPERA TING INCOME TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERA TING A CTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$	214,627
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		338,728
Increase in accounts receivable		(107,694)
Increase in accounts payable		(165,953)
Increase in compensated absences		461
Decrease in accrued payroll		2,868
Change in net pension liability		(31,697)
Change in OPEB liability		1,647
Increase in customer deposits payable		1,650
Total adjustments		40,010
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	254,637
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Actuarially determined change in:		
Net pension liability	\$	116,738
Other postemployment benefit liability		(3,100)

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies

Reporting entity

The City of Alamo Heights, Texas, (the City) was incorporated in 1922 and adopted its home rule charter in 1954, pursuant to the laws of the State of Texas. The City operates under a mayor-council form of government with a mayor and five council members.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The recognized standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

Government-wide financial statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds financial statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year end. Property and sales taxes, utility franchises, and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utility enterprise fund charges customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When expenditures or expenses for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund: The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all activity not required to be accounted for in another type of governmental fund.

Capital replacement fund: The capital replacement fund, a capital projects fund, accounts for the long term planning for large purchases of vehicles and capital equipment.

Street maintenance fund: The street maintenance fund, a capital projects fund, accounts for the recurring maintenance of all City streets that is supported by a mixture of general fund dollars and the ¹/₄ cent sales tax approved by the voters in November 2008.

Capital projects fund: The capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and is financed by transfers and other non-restricted revenue sources council has set aside for capital projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Utility fund: The utility fund accounts for business-type activities of the City, where cost recovery and determination of net income are useful or necessary for sound fiscal management.

For valuation purposes, investments with remaining maturities of one (1) year or less at time of purchase are accounted for at amortized cost. All other investments are reported on the financial statements at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price at which a security would be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The City uses market values as quoted in *The Wall Street Journal* or a comparable nationally recognized publication to determine fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

Receivables and payables

Allowance for doubtful accounts: The allowance for doubtful accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred though a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based on historical experience and specifically identified questionable receivables. The evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

Property taxes: The City levies its property taxes on October 1 of each year based upon the assessed value as of January 1 (the lien date) of that year for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are due on October 1 (the statement and levy date) and become delinquent on February 1 of the subsequent year.

Other assets

Restricted assets: Cash received as security deposits from customers for utility service is reported as a restricted asset. These funds are maintained in a separate account with the City's depository and are not available for appropriation.

Capital assets

Capital assets used by the primary government are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two (2) years. Such assets are recorded at cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital lease assets are recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure, and the utility system.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Capital assets (continued)

Infrastructure assets are those public domain assets that are immovable and have value only to the City, e.g., streets, sidewalks, traffic signs, and lights.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Assets acquired are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Records of all capital assets, including infrastructure capital assets, are maintained for both management and accountability purposes.

Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expenditure/expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. Depreciation is generally recorded on the straight-line basis over the estimated life of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

ASSET	YEARS
Buildings	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	40 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3-10 years
Utility system	40 years

Compensated absences

Each eligible, full-time City employee accrues vacation on his or her anniversary date. This vacation time must be taken prior to the employee's next anniversary date. The amount of time the employee accrues depends upon the employee's length of service as follows:

1-10 years	2 weeks
10-20 years	3 weeks
Over 20 years	4 weeks

The City also permits all nonexempt employees to accrue compensatory time at a rate of 1.5 hours for each hour over the standard number of hours in the employee's pay cycle. The majority of these have typically been liquidated from the general fund in previous years.

Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both government–wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Deferred inflows/outflows of resources

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefits payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other postemployment benefits

The other postemployment benefit liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Benefit Plan (SDBF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows of resources related to the other postemployment benefits, (OPEB) expense. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Contributions are utilized to fund active member deaths on a pay-as-you-go basis; any excess contributions and investment income over payments then become net position available for benefits.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. This will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Fund balance

The City implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has by resolution (Fund Balance Policy) authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose, positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

In the general fund, the City strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance equal to 25% of expenditures. The City considers a balance of less than 15% to be cause for concern, barring unusual or deliberate circumstances.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(2) Budgetary and legal compliance

An annual budget is legally adopted for the general fund, street maintenance fund, capital projects fund, comprehensive plan fund, capital replacement fund, and the debt service fund on a basis consistent with GAAP. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget preparation process begins in the last quarter of the fiscal year when the department heads meet with the city manager to discuss departmental needs. The city manager prepares a proposed budget for preliminary review by the mayor or his designee prior to the end of the fiscal year. After the mayor has approved the proposed budget, it is submitted to the city council for approval. The budget is legally enacted by city council through passage of an ordinance.

Formal budgetary account integration is used to facilitate managerial control over expenditures during the course of the year. Expenditures are monitored at the department line item level for ongoing control purposes. On a monthly basis, comparative revenue and expenditure statements are presented to the city council.

The city manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between accounts within a department and from one department to another. These transfers cannot increase the overall budgeted expenditures.

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Cash and cash equivalents

Deposits: The City uses a pooled cash system that is available for use by all funds. City monies are deposited in demand accounts. Each fund's portion of pooled cash is reflected on the statement of net position in "cash and cash equivalents". This amount also includes all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

The City's deposits are held in a Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured bank. The City's depository agreement requires collateralization of all deposits with U.S. Government securities. The market value of the collateral must be greater than the total amount on deposit.

The carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$35,850 and the bank balance was \$547,065. The deposits were fully collateralized by securities pledged in the name of the City. The City maintains \$9,750 of cash-on-hand at September 30, 2019.

Investments: The City may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas (the Act). Investments authorized under this Act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit issued by a state or financial institution domiciled in the State of Texas which is guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or otherwise secured; and certain repurchase agreements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

The method used to value investments for financial reporting purposes is dependent upon the type of investment and the time remaining to maturity. Investments are valued at amortized cost if they have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one (1) year or less and the fair value of the investments is not affected by the impairment or the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors. All other investments are valued at fair value.

Local government investment pools in Texas are established under the government of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition, to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires pools to (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The pools operate in a manner consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but are not registered with the SEC as investment companies. The pools use amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in this pool is the same as the value of the shares in the pool.

Texpool and Logic are both external investment tailored to meet the investment needs of Texas local governments and are valued at amortized cost. They do not have any minimum or maximum transaction or balance amounts and the investment balances are accessible on the same day as the request pending end of business time constraints.

TexStar is a local government investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act specifically tailored to meet Texas state and local government investment objectives of preservation of principal, daily and competitive yield. The fund is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and maintains a maturity of 60 days or less, with a maximum maturity of 13 months for any individual security. The fund seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective and fulfills all requirements of the Texas PFIA for local government investment pools. The portfolio is a government-repurchase agreement pool (REPO), utilizing primarily U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, and REPO collateralized obligations, the principle and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the full faith and credit of the US or its agencies or its instrumentalities. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments.

Lone Star Liquidity Fund is a local government investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act specifically tailored to meet Texas state and local government investment objectives of preservation of principal and providing the highest possible rate of return for invested funds. The fund is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and maintains a maturity of 60 days or less, with a maximum maturity of 13 months for fixed rate securities and 24 months for variable rate securities. The fund seeks to maintain a constant dollar

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

objective and fulfills all requirements of the Texas PFIA for local government investment pools. The portfolio of the pool are considered marketable and very liquid, utilizing primarily U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, and reverse repurchase agreements, no-load money markets regulated by the SEC, the principle and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the full faith and credit of the US or its agencies or its instrumentalities. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the City's investment policy and the Act and the actual rating as of September 30, 2019 for each investment:

DESCRIPTION	INVESTMENT POLICY MINIMUM RATING	INVESTMENT RATING	RATING ORGANIZATION	CARRYING/FAIR VALUE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITY (YEARS)
Investments:					
Certificate of Deposit	AAA	AAA	Standard & Poor's	\$ 468,062	0.27
Total investments				468,062	
Cash and cash equivalents:					
TexPool	AAA	AAAm	Standard & Poor's	2,361	0.09
Lone Star Liquidity Fund	AAA	AAA	Standard & Poor's	4,898,370	0.18
Logic	AAA	AAA	Standard & Poor's	5,288,348	0.11
TexStar	AAA	AAAm	Standard & Poor's	31,866	0.09
Total cash equivalents	S			\$ 10,220,945	

Portfolio weighted average maturity

0.15

Concentration of credit risk: Disclosure is required for investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investment. However, investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. The City's investments in external investment pools exceeding 5% are excluded from this requirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturing of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting the City's exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate risk, the City's investment policy limits the maximum weighted average maturity for its portfolio as a whole to 365 days. Maximum allowable stated maturities are limited by investment type as follows:

INVESTMENT TYPE	MAXIMUM MATURITIES
United States Treasury Securities	Two years
Certificates of Deposit	One year
No-Load Money Market Mutual Funds	90 days

Custodial credit risk: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk as they are held by financial institutions in the City's name.

Investment valuation: The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation input used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs which include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active; or other observable inputs such as interest rates and yield curves at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads; or market-corroborated inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

At September 30, 2019, the City had the following investments:

	BALANCE	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3
Investments by fair value level:				
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 468,062	<u>\$</u>	\$ 468,062	\$ -
Total investments at fair value:	468,062	<u>\$</u>	\$ 468,062	\$
Investments measured at amortized cost:				
TexPool	2,361			
Logic	5,288,348			
Total investments measured at amortized cost	5,290,709			
Investments measured at net asset value:				
TexStar	31,866			
Lone Star Liquidity Fund	4,898,370			
Total investments measured at net asset value	4,930,236			
Total investments	<u>\$ 10,689,007</u>			

Receivables

The following is a summary of the receivable and the allowances for uncollectible accounts:

	TAXES			ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE NET WARRANTS TAXES TAXES AND OTHER			ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE WARRANTS		NET WARRANTS AND OTHER		
General fund Street maintenance Other funds	\$ 149,6 22,1	-	\$ (14,967) - (2,212)	\$	134,704 - 19,906	\$	1,394,136 104,849 -	\$	(554,774) - -	\$	839,362 104,849 -
	\$ 171,7	89	<u>\$ (17,179)</u>	\$	154,610	\$	1,498,985	\$	(554,774)	\$	944,211

Property tax

Property taxes are levied on October 1 of each fiscal year based upon the assessed value as of January 1 (the lien date) for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are due on October 1 (the statement and levy date) and become delinquent on February 1 of the next year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Property tax (continued)

The appraisal of property within the City is the responsibility of the Bexar Appraisal District, which is required by state statute to assess all property within the appraisal district at 100% of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios.

The total assessed value on January 1, 2018, upon which the 2019 fiscal year levy was based, is \$1,827,485,095. Tax collections during the year ended September 30, 2019, for the 2018 tax levy, were 99.31% of the total tax levy for that year. General property taxes for cities are limited by the Texas Constitution to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The City's tax rate for this fiscal period was \$0.386439 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	BALANCE AT OCTOBER 1, 2018		IN	INCREASES DEC		DECREASES		LANCE AT TEMBER 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,479,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,479,580
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		8,222,225		-		-		8,222,225
Infrastructure		11,448,950		2,063,350		-		13,512,300
Improvements other than buildings		247,649		71,368		-		319,017
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		5,882,648		47,002				5,929,650
Total capital assets being depreciated		25,801,472		2,181,720				27,983,192
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(955,168)		(234,262)		-		(1,189,430)
Infrastructure		(10,664,903)		(900,693)		-		(11,565,596)
Improvements other than buildings		(134,944)		(19,253)		-		(154,197)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		(5,291,615)		(268,240)				(5,559,855)
Total accumulated depreciation		(17,046,630)		(1,422,448)		<u> </u>		(18,469,078)
Total capital assets being depreciated - net		8,754,842		759,272		<u> </u>		9,514,114
Governmental activities capital assets-net	\$	10,234,422	\$	759,272	\$		\$	10,993,694
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Utility system	\$	14,539,092	\$	25,086	\$	-	\$	14,564,178
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		540,733		7,250				547,983
Total capital assets being depreciated		15,079,825		32,336		-		15,112,161
Less accumulated depreciation for:				<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Utility system		(5,175,083)		(318,702)		-		(5,493,785)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		(497,061)		(20,026)		-		(517,087)
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,672,144)		(338,728)		_		(6,010,872)
•		(0,0/2,111)		(330,720)				(0,010,072)
Total capital assets being depreciated - net		9,407,681		(306,392)				9,101,289
Business-type activities capital assets-net	\$	9,407,681	\$	(306,392)	\$	-	\$	9,101,289

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 294,685
Public safety	181,623
Streets	906,943
Sanitation	15,832
Parks and recreation	 23,365
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,422,448
Business-Type Activities:	
Utility	\$ 338,728
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 338,728

Interfund transfers

		TRANSFER IN							
		STREET	CAPITAL	CAPITAL	OTHER				
TRANSFER	GENERAL	MAINTENANCE	REPLACEMENT	PROJECTS	GOVERNMENTAL				
OUT	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS				
General fund Utility fund	\$ - 70,801	\$ 300,000	\$ 399,409 	\$ 350,000	\$				
Totals	\$ 70,801	\$ 300,000	\$ 399,409	\$ 350,000	\$ 45,000				

Interfund transfers are for future capital replacements, street improvement projects, and public realm improvements.

Long-term liabilities

In fiscal year 2008 the City issued combination tax and revenue bonds in both the governmental and businesstype activities to acquire, construct and/or equip the following projects: (i) acquire a new firefighting and rescue apparatus; (ii) make repairs, extensions and improvements to the City's water system; (iii) make repairs, extensions and improvements to the City's sanitary sewer system (iv) construct street and sidewalk improvements (and related pedestrian amenities); (v) fund a storm water drainage master plan; (vi) repair, modify and renovate various City facilities, and (vii) pay professional services related to such projects and pay costs of issuance, acquisition and construction of capital projects. In 2016, the City refunded the 2008 bonds. In 2012, the City issued general obligation bonds for construction of administration and public safety facilities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Long-term liabilities (continued)

The City imposed a legal debt limit of 1% of assessed property valuations.

At September 30, 2019, the City's long-term debt consisted of the following:

	Range of			
	Interest	Unpaid	Current	Long-Term
Governmental Activities:	Rates	Principal	Maturities	Maturities
General Obligations, Bonds				
Series 2012	2-2.625%	\$ 5,080,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 4,895,000
General Obligations, Refunding				
Bonds Series 2016	2-4.00%	535,000	535,000	-
Capital Leases (direct borrowing)	1.99 - 2.67%	26,600	26,600	-
	Range of			
	Interest	Unpaid	Current	Long-Term
Business-Type Activities:	Rates	Principal	Maturities	Maturities
General Obligations, Refunding				
Bonds Series 2016	2-4.00%	\$ 1,120,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 990,000

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Long-term liabilities (continued)

Changes in the City's long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019:

	ORIGINAL AMOUNT	OUTSTANDING OCTOBER 1, 2018	ISSUED	RETIRED	BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	AMOUNTS DUE IN ONE YEAR
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES						
Long-term debt:						
General Obligations, Bonds						
Series 2012	\$ 6,300,000	\$ 5,255,000	\$ -	\$ (175,000)	\$ 5,080,000	\$ 185,000
General Obligations, Refunding						
Bonds Series 2016	1,605,000	1,065,000	-	(530,000)	535,000	535,000
Bond premiums, net		81,798	-	(22,962)	58,836	-
Capital leases (direct borrowing)	629,772	111,260		(84,660)	26,600	26,600
Total long-term debt		6,513,058	-	(812,622)	5,700,436	746,600
Other long-term liabilities: Compensated absences		338,520	83,512	(56,420)	365,612	60,935
Total governmental activities		6,851,578	83,512	(869,042)	6,066,048	807,535
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Long-term debt:						
General Obligations, Refunding						
Bonds Series 2016	1,370,000	1,245,000	-	(125,000)	1,120,000	130,000
Bond Premium, net		76,083		(8,454)	67,629	
Total long-term debt		1,321,083	-	(133,454)	1,187,629	130,000
Other long-term liabilities:						
Compensated absences		26,534	4,883	(4,422)	26,995	4,882
Total business-type activities		1,347,617	4,883	(137,876)	1,214,624	134,882
Total changes in long-term liabilities		\$ 8,199,195	\$ 88,395	<u>\$ (1,006,918)</u>	\$ 7,280,672	\$ 942,417

The compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Annual debt service requirements as of September 30, 2019, for revenue bonds are as follows:

FISCAL		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
YEAR	PF	RINCIPAL	IN	TEREST		TOTAL	PF	RINCIPAL	IN	TEREST		TOTAL
2020	\$	720,000	\$	121,294	\$	841,294	\$	130,000	\$	34,200	\$	164,200
2021		355,000		106,894		461,894		130,000		31,600		161,600
2022		365,000		99,794		464,794		135,000		29,000		164,000
2023		375,000		92,494		467,494		135,000		26,300		161,300
2024		380,000		84,994		464,994		140,000		23,600		163,600
2025-2029		2,050,000		305,419		2,355,419		450,000		36,400		486,400
2030-2032		1,370,000		70,331		1,440,331		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-
Totals	\$	5,615,000	\$	881,220	\$	6,496,220	\$	1,120,000	\$	181,100	\$	1,301,100

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(3) Detailed notes for all funds

Long-term liabilities (continued)

On February 8, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Frost bank for 10 self-contained breathing apparatuses. The term of the lease is 3 years, with annual payments of \$27,292 through December 2020, which includes interest at 2.60% annually.

Annual debt service requirements as of September 30, 2019, for capital leases (direct borrowing) are as follows:

		GOVE	VITIES	ITIES			
	PR	PRINCIPAL		EREST	TOTAL		
2020	\$	26,600	\$	692	\$	27,292	
Totals	\$	26,600	\$	692		27,292	
Less: intere	est amour	nt				(692)	
					\$	26,600	

The following is an analysis of the equipment under capital lease as of September 30, 2019:

Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 77,797 (66,992)
	\$ 10,805

(4) Other information

Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from the City provide its employees with health and life insurance coverage purchased from independent third parties. The City also maintains a cafeteria plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 125. This plan enables employees to add dependent coverage to their health insurance, as well as select additional types of insurance coverage. The costs of these benefits are recovered through payroll deductions. In the last three years the amount of settlement did not exceed insurance coverage.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(5) Employee retirement system

Plan description

The City participates as one of 887 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the system with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Members are eligible to retire at age sixty (60) and above with five (5) or more years of service or with twenty-five (25) years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after five (5) years. The contribution rate for the employees is 7%, and the City matching percent is currently 2 to 1.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	78
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	88
Active employees	<u> </u>
	263

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(5) Employee retirement system (continued)

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the entry age normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 16.84% and 17.08% for calendar years 2019 and 2018 respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$948,916 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net pension liability

The City's net pension liability of \$ 7,346,851 was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.0% per year
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. In addition, smaller city methodologies were used by lower termination rates, with a maximum multiplier of 115% for employers. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustments are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements by scale BB to account for future mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future morality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(5) Employee retirement system (continued)

Net pension liability (continued)

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and annuity purchase rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. In conjunction with these changes first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, the system adopted the entry age normal actuarial cost method and a one-time change to the amortization policy. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		LONG-TERM
		EXPECTED REAL
	TARGET	RATE OF RETURN
ASSET CLASS	ALLOCATION	(ARITHMETIC)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.30%
International Equity	17.5%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	3.39%
Real Return	10.0%	3.78%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.44%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.56%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.75%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(5) Employee retirement system (continued)

Net pension liability (continued)

Changes in the net pension liability

	 tal Pension Liability (a)	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		1	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 25,968,128	\$	20,323,826	\$	5,644,302
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	914,894		-		914,894
Interest	1,744,593		-		1,744,593
Change of benefit terms	-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(279,511)		-		(279,511)
Changes of assumptions	-		-		-
Contributions - employer	-		918,155		(918,155)
Contributions - employee	-		380,526		(380,526)
Net investment income	-		(608,873)		608,873
Benefit payments, including refunds					-
of employee contributions	(1,159,507)		(1,159,507)		-
Administrative expense	-		(11,766)		11,766
Other changes	 		(615)		615
Net changes	 1,220,469		(482,080)		1,702,549
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 27,188,597	\$	19,841,746	\$	7,346,851

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Discount Rate (5.75%) Discount Rate (6.75%) Discount Rate (7.7 \$	ase in
¢ 11 000 140 ¢ 7 246 951 ¢ 4 120	e (7.75%)
\$ 11,290,142 \$ 7,346,851 \$ 4,139,	,139,879

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(5) Employee retirement system (continued)

Net pension liability (continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized a pension expense of \$1,169,164.

At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$	46,140	\$	304,304	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		8,881		-	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		1,050,733		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		686,916		_	
Total	\$	1,792,670	\$	304,304	

The City reported \$686,916 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan year	An	Amortization		
September 30,	1	Expense		
2020	\$	275,269		
2021		27,574		
2022	102,460			
2023		396,147		
2024		-		
Thereafter				
Total	\$	801,450		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(6) Other postemployment benefits

Plan description

The City participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Benefits provided

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit" or OPEB. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The contribution rates for the City were 0.21% and 0.20% for calendar years 2019 and 2018, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$11,099 and were equal to the required contributions.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	59
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active employees	97
	<u>172</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(6) Other postemployment benefits (continued)

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$324,454 was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.50% to 10.5% including inflation
Discount rate *	3.31%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Administrative expenses	\$0 All administative expenses are paid through the pension trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates - service retirees	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with males rates multiplied by 109% and females rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.
Mortality rates - disabled retirees	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with males rates multiplied by 109% and females rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both male and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

* The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(6) Other postemployment benefits (continued)

Changes in the total OPEB liability:

Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 355,450
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	13,590
Interest on the total OPEB liability	11,927
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(29,942)
Change of assumptions	(22,766)
Benefit payments	 (3,805)
Net changes	 (30,996)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 324,454

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.71%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.71%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.71%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease				1% Increase			
	in Discount Discount		Discount			in Discount		
	Rat	te (2.71%)	Rate (3.71%)		Rate (4.71%)			
City's OPEB liability	<u>\$</u>	386,090	<u>\$ 324,454</u>		<u>\$</u>	276,227		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

(6) Other postemployment benefits (continued)

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$20,658.

At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 24,184		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	16,884	18,388		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	-		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	8,153			
Total	<u>\$ 25,037</u>	<u>\$ 42,572</u>		

The City reported \$8,153 as deferred outflows of resources related to the total OPEB liability resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the total OPEB liability will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan Year	Am	Amortization			
September 30,	E	xpense			
2020	\$	(4,859)			
2021		(4,859)			
2022		(4,859)			
2023		(9,083)			
2024		(2,028)			
Thereafter		_			
Total	\$	(25,688)			

(7) Subsequent event

An executive order was issued by the Governor of Texas in March 2020 to close non-essential businesses and schools due to the public health concerns related to the COVID-19 crisis. The result of this order will impact unemployment rates of the local economy and the City's ongoing sales tax revenues. The duration and intensity of these impacts on the City's revenues from sales and property taxes, as well as the City's operations, will depend on future developments which cannot be forecasted or estimated at this time.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year ended September 30, 2019

		BUDGETED		INTS				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	C	RIGINAL	AMOU	FINAL		ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	5,800,719	\$	5,800,719	\$	5,716,653	\$	(84,066)	
Sales		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,191,774		91,774	
Beverage		70,000		70,000		94,204		24,204	
Franchise		746,000		746,000		675,578		(70,422)	
PUC right of way fees		47,300		47,300		35,594		(11,706)	
Total taxes		7,764,019		7,764,019		7,713,803		(50,216)	
Licenses and permits:									
Building		210,000		210,000		577,108		367,108	
Electric		30,000		30,000		70,936		40,936	
Liquor and food		17,000		17,000		20,673		3,673	
Planning and zoning		80,000		80,000		12,375		(67,625)	
Plumbing		25,000		25,000		54,225		29,225	
Signs		3,000		3,000		6,090		3,090	
Permits		114,700		114,700		179,523		64,823	
Certificate of occupancy		3,000		3,000		5,100		2,100	
Other		12,500		12,500		33,796		21,296	
Total licenses and permits		495,200		495,200		959,826		464,626	
Intergovernmental:									
Dispatch		270,196		270,196		239,698		(30,498)	
EMS		194,250		194,250		153,403		(40,847)	
SRO		59,743		59,743		31,668		(28,075)	
Total intergovernmental		524,189	_	524,189	_	424,769		(99,420)	
Charges for services:									
EMS		220,000		220,000		259,507		39,507	
Court		250,000		250,000		278,209		28,209	
Garbage		360,000		360,000		363,380		3,380	
Telecom lease		381,000		381,000		393,778		12,778	
Total charges for services		1,211,000		1,211,000		1,294,874		83,874	
Fines		295,000		295,000		276,946		(18,054)	
Investment earnings		130,000		130,000		245,377		115,377	
Miscellaneous		89,510		89,510		131,125		41,615	
Total revenues		10,508,918		10,508,918		11,046,720		537,802	
								(continued)	

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		BUDGETED) AMOU	JNTS		WIT BI	RIANCE H FINAL JDGET OSITIVE
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		GATIVE)
EXPENDITURES							
General Government							
Public Works administration:							
Personnel	\$	99,823	\$	99,823	\$ 86,945	\$	12,878
Commodities		29,100		29,100	28,334		766
Contractual		16,050		16,050	 811		15,239
Total public works							
administration		144,973		144,973	 116,090		28,883
Court:							
Personnel		126,117		126,117	121,503		4,614
Commodities		4,600		4,600	5,386		(786)
Contractual		70,601		70,601	 81,145		(10,544)
Total court		201,318		201,318	 208,034		(6,716)
Administration:							
Personnel		675,024		675,024	645,461		29,563
Commodities		267,744		267,744	252,419		15,325
Contractual		250,550		250,550	 150,469		100,081
Total administration		1,193,318		1,193,318	 1,048,349		144,969
Information Systems:							
Commodities		135,905		135,905	124,285		11,620
Contractual		147,300		147,300	 158,854		(11,554)
Total information systems		283,205		283,205	 283,139		66
Total general government		1,822,814		1,822,814	 1,655,612		167,202
Public Safety							
Police:							
Personnel		2,252,505		2,252,505	2,177,029		75,476
Commodities		157,248		157,248	119,877		37,371
Contractual		85,281		85,281	 80,808		4,473
Total police		2,495,034		2,495,034	 2,377,714		117,320
Police Dispatch:							
Personnel		674,513		674,513	566,093		108,420
Commodities		6,524		6,524	5,458		1,066
Contractual		2,200		2,200	 1,700		500
Total police dispatch		683,237		683,237	 573,251		109,986
						(continued

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year ended September 30, 2019

	BU	DGETED AMO	UNTS			WIT BU	RIANCE H FINAL JDGET SITIVE
	ORIGIN		FINAL	AC	TUAL		GATIVE)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)						`	
Public Safety (continued):							
Fire:							
Personnel	\$ 1,	978,592 \$	1,978,592	\$	1,800,492	\$	178,100
Commodities		73,281	73,281		61,868		11,413
Contractual		46,490	46,490		29,149		17,341
Total fire	2,	098,363	2,098,363		1,891,509		206,854
EMS:							
Personnel		597,006	597,006		587,517		9,489
Commodities		64,110	64,110		53,883		10,227
Contractual		24,550	24,550		17,413		7,137
Total EMS		685,666	685,666		658,813		26,853
Total public safety	5,	962,300	5,962,300		5,501,287		461,013
Streets:							
Personnel		336,030	336,030		273,182		62,848
Commodities		226,000	226,000		218,025		7,975
Contractual		18,500	18,500		2,704		15,796
Total streets		580,530	580,530		493,911		86,619
Sanitation:							
Personnel		578,967	578,967		485,422		93,545
Commodities		129,100	129,100		135,172		(6,072)
Contractual		135,000	135,000		182,086		(47,086)
Total sanitation		843,067	843,067		802,680		40,387
Planning and Development							
Personnel		366,120	366,120		330,170		35,950
Commodities		17,000	17,000		14,497		2,503
Contractual		51,500	51,500		24,701		26,799
Total planning and							
development		434,620	434,620		369,368		65,252

(continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		BUDGETED		UNTS			VARIANCE VITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	711010	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)					 		
Parks and Recreation:							
Personnel	\$	275,169	\$	275,169	\$ 239,352	\$	35,817
Commodities		43,800		43,800	44,717		(917)
Contractual	_	40,250		40,250	 28,947		11,303
Total parks and recreation		359,219		359,219	 313,016		46,203
Total expenditures		10,002,550		10,002,550	 9,135,874		866,676
Excess of revenue over expenditures		506,368		506,368	1,910,846		1,404,478
over experiatures		500,500		500,500	1,910,040		1,404,470
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer in		70,801		70,801	70,801		-
Transfer out		(329,409)		(1,094,409)	 (1,094,409)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(258,608)		(1,023,608)	 (1,023,608)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	247,760	\$	(517,240)	887,238	\$	1,404,478
FUND BALANCE AT OCTOBER 1, 2018					 4,577,338		
FUND BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019					\$ 5,464,576		
SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY COST CATEGORY							
Personnel	\$	7,959,866	\$	7,959,866	\$ 7,313,166	\$	646,700
Commodities		1,154,412		1,154,412	1,063,921		90,491
Contractual		888,272		888,272	 758,787		129,485
Total expenditures	\$	10,002,550	\$	10,002,550	\$ 9,135,874	\$	866,676

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

September 30, 2019

*For the last 10 fiscal years

	2010		rement year ended		0011
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 914,894	\$ 903,080	\$ 868,087	\$ 861,551	\$ 761,031
Interest (on the total pension liability)	1,744,593	1,659,113	1,535,466	1,497,685	1,441,488
Changes of benefit terms	-	311,550	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(279,511)	(185,041)	159,597	(129,805)	(515,272)
Change of assumptions	-	-	-	104,869	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(1,159,507)	(1,073,882)	(1,046,879)	(923,983)	(945,389
Net change in total pension liability	1,220,469	1,614,820	1,516,271	1,410,317	741,858
Total pension liability - beginning	25,968,128	24,353,308	22,837,037	21,426,720	20,684,862
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>\$ 27,188,597</u>	<u>\$ 25,968,128</u>	<u>\$ 24,353,308</u>	\$ 22,837,037	<u>\$ 21,426,720</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 918,155	\$ 953,702	\$ 900,335	\$ 924,993	\$ 736,438
Contributions - employee	380,526	338,009	317,206	319,883	290,127
Net investment income	(608,873)	2,448,963	1,108,388	23,719	865,999
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(1,159,507)	(1,073,882)	(1,046,879)	(923,983)	(945,389
Administrative expense	(11,766)	(12,692)	(12,521)	(14,447)	(9,041
Other	(615)	(643)	(675)	(714)	(743
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(482,080)	2,653,458	1,265,854	329,451	937,391
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	20,323,826	17,670,368	16,404,514	16,075,063	15,137,672
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 19,841,746	\$ 20,323,826	\$ 17,670,368	\$ 16,404,514	\$ 16,075,063
Net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$ 7,346,851	\$ 5,644,302	\$ 6,682,940	\$ 6,432,523	\$ 5,351,657
Plan fiduciary net position					
as a percentage of total pension liability	72.98%	78.26%	72.56%	71.83%	75.02%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,436,088	\$ 5,520,051	\$ 5,286,764	\$ 5,331,379	\$ 4,835,449
Net pension liability as a percentage	105.15%	100.050	10/ 110/	100 (50)	110.000
of total covered payroll	135.15%	102.25%	126.41%	120.65%	110.68%

*GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the fifth year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSION

For the year ended September 30, 2019

*For the last 10 fiscal years

	 2019	 2018 201		2017	2017 2016		2015	
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 948,916	\$ 920,196	\$	945,091	\$	905,858	\$	850,395
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 948,916	 920,196		945,091		905,858		850,395
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 5,626,955	\$ 5,444,475	\$	5,575,888	\$	5,290,913	\$	5,023,828
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.86%	16.90%		16.95%		17.12%		16.93%

*GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the fifth year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY (OPEB) AND RELATED RATIOS

September 30, 2019

*Last 10 fiscal years

For the measurement year ended December 31,

	2018 2017		2017	
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$	13,590	\$	12,144
Interest on the total OPEB liability		11,927		11,796
Changes of benefit terms		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(29,942)		-
Change of assumptions		(22,766)		27,438
Benefit payments		(3,805)		(3,864)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(30,996)		47,514
Total OPEB liability - beginning		355,450		307,936
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	324,454	\$	355,450
Covered payroll	\$	5,436,088	<u>\$</u>	5,520,051
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		5.97%		6.44%

GASB 75 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the second year of implementation of GASB 75. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

For the year ended September 30, 2019

*Last 10 fiscal years

	 2019	2018	
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 11,099	\$	10,733
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 11,099		10,733
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 5,626,955	\$	5,444,475
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.20%		0.20%

GASB 75 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the second year of implementation of GASB 75. This City will develop the schedule prospectively.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2019

(1) Budgetary information

The budget for the general fund and street maintenance are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the fund level. The city manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between accounts within a department and from one department to another. These transfers cannot increase the overall budgeted expenditures.

(2) Schedule of contributions

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	10 year smoothed market, 15% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.5% to 10.5% including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the
Mortality	City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010 - 2014. RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar A divisitment with male rates multiplied by 100% and
	Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and
	female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.
	funy generational basis with scale BB.

Other information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

			SPE	CIAL F	REVENUE
	FISCATED OPERTY	COURT CURITY	IMUNITY ENEFIT	EM Cl	EOSE PLOYEE ENTER ICATION
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 31,411	\$ 118,282	\$ 34,063	\$	31,154
Receivables - net of allowances					
for uncollectibles	 	 	 		
Total assets	\$ 31,411	\$ 118,282	\$ 34,063	<u>\$</u>	31,154
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 1,137	\$ -	\$	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-		-
Total liabilities	 	 1,137	 		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unearned revenue - taxes	 	 	 		
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Confiscated property	31,411	-	-		-
Court security	-	117,145	-		-
Community programs	-	-	34,063		-
Police training	-	-	-		31,154
Court technology	-	-	-		-
Debt service	-	-	-		-
Animal services	-	-	-		-
Committed for:					
Comprehensive plans	 -	 	 		
Total fund balances	 31,411	 117,145	 34,063		31,154
Total liabilities, deferred					
inflows of resources,					
and fund balances	\$ 31,411	\$ 118,282	\$ 34,063	\$	31,154

COURT TECHNOLOGY	COMPREHENSIVE PLAN	PRIVATE CONTRIBUTIONS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAI FUNDS
24,702	\$ 82,178	\$ 5,016	\$ 125,746	\$ 452,552
			19,906	19,906
<u> </u>	<u>\$ 82,178</u>	\$ 5,016	\$ 145,652	\$ 472,458
-	\$ -	\$ 250	\$	· \$ 1,387
		250		1,387
			19,878	19,878
-	-	-	-	31,411
-	-	-	-	· 117,145 · 34,065
-	-	-	-	31,154
24,702	-	-	-	24,702
-	-	-	125,774	125,774
-	-	4,766	-	4,766
-	82,178			82,178
24,702	82,178	4,766	125,774	
5 24,702	\$ 82,178	\$ 5,016	\$ 145,652	\$ 472,458

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		SPECIAL REVE			
	CONFISCATED PROPERTY	COURT SECURITY	COM MUNITY BENEFIT	LEOSE EMPLOYEE CENTER EDUCATION	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	-	10,074	14,463	2,338	
Property forfeitures	11,185	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total revenues	11,185	10,074	14,463	2,338	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	-	7,737	-	2,851	
Public Safety	5,845	-	5,637		
Planning and development	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges		=			
Total expenditures	5,845	7,737	5,637	2,851	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	5,340	2,337	8,826	(513)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer in	-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources					
and (uses)					
Net change in fund balance	5,340	2,337	8,826	(513)	
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	26,071	114,808	25,237	31,667	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 31,411</u>	<u>\$ 117,145</u>	\$ 34,063	<u>\$ 31,154</u>	

U N D S COURT TECHNOLOGY	COMPREHENSIVE PLAN	PRIVATE CONTRIBUTIONS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
-	\$-	\$-	\$ 849,444	\$ 849,444
13,432	200	-	-	40,507
-	-	-	-	11,185
-		8,748		8,748
13,432	200	8,748	849,444	909,884
598	-	13,318	-	24,504
-	-	-	-	11,482
-	43,099	-	-	43,099
-	-	-	705,000	705,000
-			136,194	136,194
598	43,099	13,318	841,194	920,279
12,834	(42,899)	(4,570)	8,250	(10,395)
<u> </u>	45,000		<u>-</u>	45,000
	45,000			45,000
12,834	2,101	(4,570)	8,250	34,605
11,868	80,077	9,336	117,524	416,588
24,702	\$ 82,178	\$ 4,766	\$ 125,774	\$ 451,193

STREET MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

							RIANCE TH FINAL
							UDGET
	BUDGETED	AMO	MINTO				
	 RIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL		POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
	 MOINAL		FINAL	F	CTUAL	(111	UATIVE)
REVENUE							
Sales taxes	\$ 540,000	\$	540,000	\$	595,887	\$	55,887
Total revenues	 540,000		540,000		595,887		55,887
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	 1,000,000		1,144,000		2,063,350		(919,350)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(460,000)		(604,000)		(1,467,463)		(863,463)
OTHER SOURCES (USES)							
Trans fer in	 		300,000		300,000		-
Net change in fund balance	\$ (460,000)	\$	(304,000)		(1,167,463)	\$	(863,463)
FUND BALANCE AT OCTOBER 1, 2018					1,908,555		
FUND BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019				\$	741,092		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		BUDGETED	АМС	DUNTS			WIT B ¹ PC	RIANCE TH FINAL UDGET OSITIVE
	OR	IGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUE								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		18,750		18,750		51,459		(32,709)
Capital outlay		368,000		368,000		71,368		296,632
Total expenditures		386,750		386,750		122,827		263,923
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(386,750)		(386,750)		(122,827)		(263,923)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer in				350,000		350,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)				350,000		350,000		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	(386,750)	\$	(386,750)		227,173	\$	(263,923)
FUND BALANCE AT OCTOBER 1, 2018						866,083		
FUND BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019					\$	1,093,256		

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

							WIT	RIANCE H FINAL
		DUDCETED	A N 1 (OUNTS				JDGET
	BUDGETED A			FINAL		CTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
				THAL			(141)	GATIVE
REVENUE								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	200	\$	200
EXPENDITURES								
Planning and development		30,000		45,000		43,099		1,901
Total expenditures		30,000		45,000		43,099		1,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(30,000)		(45,000)		(42,899)		(1,701)
OTHER SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer in		30,000		45,000		45,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>		2,101	\$	2,101
FUND BALANCE AT OCTOBER 1, 2018						80,077		
FUND BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019					\$	82,178		

CAPITAL REPLACEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	BUDGETED ORIGINAL) AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUE				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,087	\$ 5,087
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	199,409	369,409	47,002	322,407
Debt service:				
Principal payment	-	-	84,660	(84,660)
Interest expense		-	2,727	(2,727)
Total expenditures	199,409	369,409	134,389	235,020
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(199,409)	(369,409)	(129,302)	(229,933)
OTHER SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	299,409	399,409	399,409	
Total other sources (uses)	299,409	399,409	399,409	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 100,000	\$ 30,000	270,107	\$ 240,107
FUND BALANCE AT OCTOBER 1, 2018			1,112,340	
FUND BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019			\$ 1,382,447	

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		BUDGETED					WIT BU PC	RIANCE H FINAL JDGET ISITIVE
	OF	RIGINAL]	FINAL	Α	CTUAL	(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUE								
Property taxes	\$	851,795	\$	851,795	\$	849,444	\$	(2,351)
EXPENDITURES								
Principal payment		705,000		705,000		705,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		136,194		136,194		136,194		-
Total expenditures		841,194		841,194		841,194		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	10,601	\$	10,601		8,250	\$	(2,351)
FUND BALANCE AT OCTOBER 1, 2018						117,523		
FUND BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019					\$	125,773		

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Alamo Heights comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Tables
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help readers understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1 through 4
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help readers assess the City's most significant local revenue source – its property tax.	5 through 8
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help readers assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9 through 11
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help readers understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	12 through 13
Operating Information These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help readers understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	14 through 16

Except where noted, the information in these tables is derived from the City of Alamo Heights comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2005; tables presenting government-wide information include information beginning that year.

NET POSITION, BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCCOUNTING)

	2019		 2018	 2017	2016	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,348,886	\$ 3,795,534	\$ 3,840,789	\$	3,346,580
Restricted		369,015	1,375,530	340,397		369,349
Unrestricted		3,541,307	 2,593,935	 2,143,435		1,728,809
Total governmental activities						
net position	\$	9,259,208	\$ 7,764,999	\$ 6,324,621	\$	5,444,738
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,959,240	\$ 8,137,876	\$ 8,092,277	\$	8,072,064
Unrestricted		1,302,354	 976,720	 799,592		748,423
Total business-type activities						
net position	\$	9,261,594	\$ 9,114,596	\$ 8,891,869	\$	8,820,487
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	13,308,126	\$ 11,933,410	\$ 11,933,066	\$	11,418,644
Restricted		369,015	1,375,530	340,397		369,349
Unrestricted		4,843,661	 3,570,655	 2,943,027		2,477,232
Total primary government						
net position	\$	18,520,802	\$ 16,879,595	\$ 15,216,490	\$	14,265,225

Note:

* In fiscal year September 30, 2015, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", resulted in a significant decrease in unrestricted net position in Business-type and Governmental Activities.

TABLE 1

	2015*	2014	2013			2012		2011		2010	
\$	3,385,358 331,787 <u>881,015</u>	\$ 2,011,074 780,392 6,137,390	\$	1,638,290 933,600 5,804,824	\$	1,638,290 933,600 5,804,824	\$	2,407,064 1,178,883 4,164,359	\$	3,481,430 931,360 <u>3,227,995</u>	
<u>\$</u>	4,598,160	\$ 8,928,856	<u>\$</u>	8,376,714	<u>\$</u>	8,376,714	<u>\$</u>	7,750,306	<u>\$</u>	7,640,785	
\$	8,292,081 414,360	\$ 7,480,502 1,897,524	\$	6,486,583 2,060,818	\$	6,486,583 2,060,818	\$	6,681,531 1,500,778	\$	4,994,611 2,125,210	
\$	8,706,441	\$ 9,378,026	\$	8,547,401	\$	8,547,401	\$	8,182,309	\$	7,119,821	
\$	11,677,439 331,787 1,295,375	\$ 9,491,576 780,392 8,034,914	\$	8,124,873 933,600 7,865,642	\$	8,124,873 933,600 7,865,642	\$	9,088,595 1,178,883 <u>5,665,137</u>	\$	8,476,041 931,360 5,353,205	
\$	13,304,601	\$ 18,306,882	\$	16,924,115	\$	16,924,115	\$	15,932,615	\$	14,760,606	

CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2019	2018	2017	2016
EXPENSES				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 2,028,929	\$ 1,961,412	\$ 1,895,152	\$ 1,837,698
Public safety	5,933,177	5,742,935	5,647,734	5,538,340
Streets	1,411,531	1,013,595	1,218,412	1,155,238
Sanitation	837,197	831,282	823,454	723,504
Planning and development	423,144	400,675	387,742	366,567
Parks and recreation	344,389	333,293	334,285	295,882
Interest on debt	129,228	127,671	158,604	234,167
Total governmental activities	11,107,595	10,410,863	10,465,383	10,151,396
Business-Type Activities:				
Utility	3,328,956	3,352,294	3,236,496	3,063,239
Total business-type activities	3,328,956	3,352,294	3,236,496	3,063,239
Total primary government				
expenses	14,436,551	13,763,157	13,701,879	13,214,635
PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental Activities: Charges for service General government Public safety Streets Sanitation Planning and development Parks and recreation Capital grants and contributions: General government Operating grants and contributions: General government Total governmental activities program revenues	1,868,754 714,163 363,380 - - 49,255 2,995,552	1,430,445 709,102 361,944 - 553,374 <u>49,261</u> <u>3,104,126</u>	1,624,767 655,989 362,903 - - 40,000 <u>86,395</u> <u>2,770,054</u>	1,777,644 685,288 364,221 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Business-Type Activities: Charges for service				
Utility	3,495,304	3,523,432	3,378,349	3,223,824
Total business-type activities				
program revenues	3,495,304	3,523,432	3,378,349	3,223,824
Total primary government				
program revenues	6,490,856	6,627,558	6,148,403	6,119,734

TABLE 2

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 1,812,948	\$ 1,549,460	\$ 1,480,953	\$ 1,600,557	\$ 1,583,220	\$ 1,661,420
5,194,754	5,344,641	4,886,648	4,944,862	4,948,153	4,815,094
1,506,114	1,267,014	1,548,142	1,420,341	1,391,017	894,256
717,951	704,509	676,655	645,802	706,945	699,345
308,311	282,541	297,919	301,920	291,935	374,318
272,363	248,282	247,616	277,653	266,450	267,245
<u>243,462</u>	<u>263,262</u>	321,589	<u>245,713</u>	<u>177,687</u>	188,369
10,055,903	9,659,709	9,459,522	9,436,848	9,365,407	8,900,047
3,154,421	2,977,031	2,782,642	2,846,898	2,470,981	2,452,045
3,154,421	2,977,031	2,782,642	2,846,898	2,470,981	2,452,045
13,210,324	12,636,740	12,242,164	12,283,746	11,836,388	11,352,092
1,467,061 685,288 - 360,087 - -	905,045 672,670 390,448 609,163 - 415,005	1,524,322 614,482 216,597 358,913 - 45,380	1,500,258 667,720 209,469 337,969 - 36,040	1,494,897 743,118 197,883 341,803 - 31,043	1,057,331 698,218 182,442 336,467
<u> </u>	<u>48,733</u> <u>3,041,064</u>		<u>1,050,935</u> <u>3,802,391</u>	2,808,744	<u> </u>
<u>3,084,542</u>	<u>3,203,337</u>	<u>3,507,512</u>	<u>3,269,362</u>	<u>3,579,509</u>	<u>3,059,417</u>
<u>3,084,542</u>	<u>3,203,337</u>	<u>3,507,512</u>	<u>3,269,362</u>	<u>3,579,509</u>	<u>3,059,417</u>
<u>5,925,415</u>	6,244,401	6,267,206	<u>7,071,753</u>	<u>6,388,253</u>	<u>5,353,875</u>

(continued)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2019 2018			2017	2016			
Net (Expense) Revenues								
Governmental activities	\$	(8,112,043)	\$	(7,306,737)	\$	(7,695,329)	\$	(7,263,846)
Business-type activities	Ψ	166,348	Ψ	171,138	Ψ	141,853	Ψ	160,585
Total primary government								
net expenses		(7,945,695)		(7,135,599)		(7,553,476)		(7,103,261)
not expenses		(7,515,055)		(7,155,577)		(1,555,110)		(7,105,201)
GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND								
OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
Governmental Activities:								
Taxes								
Property taxes		6,596,419		6,292,204		6,177,119		5,870,136
Sales taxes		1,787,661		1,687,696		1,274,518		1,262,914
Other taxes		769,782		804,079		796,226		790,662
Unrestricted investment earnings		245,377		156,228		57,456		26,569
Miscellaneous		136,212		73,777		94,553		93,897
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		6,508		-		-
Special item		-		-		-		-
Transfers		70,801		66,246		70,471		66,246
Total governmental activities		9,606,252		9,086,738		8,470,343		8,110,424
Business-Type Activities:								
Interest and investment earnings		36,803		23,451		-		-
Miscellaneous		14,648		118,245		-		19,707
Transfers		(70,801)		(66,246)		(70,471)		(66,246)
Total business-type activities		(19,350)		75,450		(70,471)		(46,539)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities		1,494,209		1,780,001		775,014		846,578
Business-type activities		146,998		246,588		71,382		114,046
Total primary government	\$	1,641,207	\$	2,026,589	\$	846,396	\$	960,624

TABLE 2

 2015	 2014	2013		2012		2011		2010
\$ (7,215,630) (69,879)	\$ (6,618,645) 226,306	\$	(6,699,828) 724,870	\$ (5,634,457) 422,464	\$	(6,556,663) 1,108,528	\$	(6,605,589) 607,372
 (7,285,509)	 (6,392,339)		(5,974,958)	 (5,211,993)		(5,448,135)		(5,998,217)
5,455,046	5,259,723		5,174,711	4,646,692		4,668,446		4,828,522
946,872 806,607	940,436		864,538 620,797	835,133		772,815 642,184		728,966
24,742	733,572 26,225		30,244	621,035 23,530		16,612		561,931 19,415
82,606	113,682		84,222	77,093		36,060		30,124
-	-			-		-		-
(56,776)	-		-	-		-		-
 66,246	 59,662		56,518	 57,382		51,992	_	112,847
 7,325,343	 7,133,300		6,831,030	 6,260,865		6,188,109		6,281,805
-	-		-	-		5,952		14,586
13,354	1,751		4,306	10		-		-
 (66,246)	 (59,662)		(56,518)	 (57,382)		(51,992)		(112,847)
 (52,892)	 (57,911)		(52,212)	 (57,372)		(51,992)		(98,261)
109,713	514,655		131,202	626,408		(368,554)		(323,784)
 (122,771)	 168,395		672,658	 365,092		1,062,488		509,111
\$ (13,058)	\$ 683,050	\$	803,860	\$ 991,500	\$	693,934	\$	185,327

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016		
GENERAL FUND						
Non-spendable - prepaids Unassigned Reserved	\$ 89,599 5,374,977 -	\$ 89,599 4,487,739 -	\$ 85,601 3,830,544	\$	86,642 3,545,922	
Unreserved	 <u></u>	 <u> </u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total general fund	\$ 5,464,576	\$ 4,577,338	\$ 3,916,145	\$	3,632,564	
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS						
Restricted for:						
Confiscated property	\$ 31,411	\$ 26,071	\$ 10,688	\$	11,977	
Court security	117,145	114,808	106,438		97,208	
Community programs	34,063	25,237	65,041		96,233	
Police training	31,154	31,667	32,483		31,403	
Court technology	24,702	11,868	15,709		27,806	
Comprehensive plan	-	-	-		9,743	
Street maintenance	-	1,039,019	-		9,868	
TNR foster	4,766	9,336	4,687		12,034	
Debt service	125,774	117,524	105,351		73,077	
Capital projects	-	-	-		-	
Committed for:						
Capital replacement	1,382,447	1,112,340	872,058		659,640	
Street maintenance	741,092	869,536	569,536		396,763	
Comprehensive plans	82,178	80,077	72,114		20,000	
Private contributions	-	-	-		-	
Assigned						
Capital projects	1,093,256	866,083	908,077		961,694	
Unassigned	-	-	-		-	
Reserved	-	-	-		-	
Unreserved, reported In:						
Special revenue funds	-	-	-		-	
Capital project funds	 <u> </u>	 	 			
Total all other						
governmental funds	\$ 3,667,988	\$ 4,303,566	\$ 2,762,182	\$	2,407,446	

Note: *In 2011 the City adopted GASB No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement establishes new categories for reporting fund balances.

TABLE 3

	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011*		2010
\$	78,982 3,257,254	\$	87,663 3,341,248	\$	86,209 3,142,289	\$	75,920 3,045,170	\$	75,920 3,108,664	\$	- - 122,704
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>				3,136,698
<u>\$</u>	3,336,236	<u>\$</u>	3,428,911	<u>\$</u>	3,228,498	<u>\$</u>	3,121,090	<u>\$</u>	3,184,584	<u>\$</u>	3,259,402
\$	12,654	\$	31,083	\$	27,177	\$	29,077	\$	21,341	\$	
	86,406		121,374		112,123		101,870		91,490		-
	110,074		101,110		100,452		91,169		89,893		-
	30,777		32,739		30,738		30,738		32,863		
	18,592		19,732		34,541		21,080		19,887		
	9,393		17,136		23,539		31,080		31,618		
	-		284,795		91,605		522,216		130,272		
	8,035		5,834		7,917		89		5,183		
	55,856		166,589		186,690		106,281		91,053		
	-		613,859		6,315,190		6,787,194		665,283		
	527,378		440,692		595,448		532,004		360,407		
	26,763		765,000		565,000		265,000		265,000		
	20,000		20,000		20,000		72,114		20,000		
	-		-		-		-		1,669		
	955,423		1,050,936		1,050,936		262,734		-		
	-		3,426		2,042		(71)		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		967,482
	-		-		-		-		-		172,291
	<u> </u>		2,373,135								
\$	1,861,351	\$	3,674,305	\$	9,163,398	\$	8,852,575	\$	1,825,959	\$	3,512,908

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2019			2018		2017	2016		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	9,159,134	\$	8,834,234	\$	8,264,472	\$	7,962,696	
Licenses and permits	Ψ	959,826	Ψ	652,681	Ψ	640,550	Ψ	557,398	
Intergovernmental		465,276		500,077		554,490		501,461	
CIED revenue				-		-		-	
Charges for services		1,294,874		1,237,709		1,223,119		1,400,679	
Fines		288,131		279,653		284,287		300,570	
Property forfeitures		-		-		-		-	
Investment earnings		245,377		156,228		57,456		26,569	
Miscellaneous		144,960		618,541		103,519		106,847	
Total revenues		12,557,578		12,279,123		11,127,893		10,856,220	
EXPENDITURES									
General government		1,731,575		1,699,236		1,714,263		1,615,661	
Public safety		5,512,769		5,307,108		5,283,630		5,222,337	
Streets		493,911		495,929		487,630		527,469	
Sanitation		802,680		780,094		786,960		677,438	
Planning and development		412,467		388,666		379,662		360,546	
Parks and recreation		313,016		296,819		302,840		280,127	
Capital outlay		2,181,720		260,318		870,337		527,414	
Debt service:									
Principal		789,660		767,711		742,690		645,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		138,921		154,583		174,367		191,655	
Bond issuance cost				<u> </u>		-		38,625	
Total expenditures		12,376,719		10,150,464		10,742,379		10,086,272	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		180,859		2,128,659		385,514		769,948	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		(1,094,409)		(780,254)		(830,000)		(823,082)	
Transfers out		1,165,210		846,500		900,471		889,328	
Capital lease obligation		-		-		77,463		-	
Bond proceeds		-		-		-		1,605,000	
Bond premiums issued		-		-		-		108,941	
Proceeds from insurance settlement		-		-		-		-	
Payment ot escrow agent		-		-		-		(1,707,712)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		70,801		66,246		147,934		72,475	
Net change in fund balances	\$	251,660	\$	2,194,905	\$	533,448	\$	842,423	
Debt service as a percentage of									
noncapital expenditures	9.11%			9.33%		9.29%	8.75%		

TABLE 4

2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	
6,206,928	\$ 6,088,227	\$ 6,103,019	\$ 6,658,836	\$ 6,875,122	\$ 7,326,071	\$
498,825	512,904	662,687	681,468	609,163	538,131	
658,207	690,788	656,151	640,877	900,143	740,041	
-	-	262,734	788,202	-	-	
874,228	1,175,542	1,179,384	1,188,092	1,186,961	1,184,844	
230,560	293,518	270,141	257,425	229,579	270,080	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
19,415	16,612	23,530	30,244	26,225	24,742	
62,762	 74,518	 77,093	 84,222	 89,286	 89,804	
8,550,925	 8,852,109	 9,234,739	 10,329,366	 9,916,479	 10,173,713	
1,580,794	1,526,938	1,492,486	1,401,356	1,502,037	1,604,852	
4,441,142	4,594,071	4,656,160	4,577,375	4,844,906	1,004,832 5,005,896	
4,441,142 316,185	4, <i>39</i> 4,071 348,415	4,030,100	4,377,373	4,844,900 381,888	3,003,890 475,997	
653,442	669,803	400,0 <i>39</i> 622,976	653,829	653,466	690,782	
374,318	291,935	304,561	299,420	282,541	310,386	
245,576	291,933	268,689	239,420	237,043	263,406	
1,616,058	2,506,894	384,076	1,533,213	6,911,167	2,864,168	
1,010,050	2,500,074	564,070	1,555,215	0,711,107	2,004,100	
270,000	300,000	335,000	505,000	600,000	625,000	
186,890	176,358	164,272	347,668	268,014	248,325	
-	 	 73,476	 	 	 -	
9,684,405	 10,662,722	 8,707,735	 9,915,539	 15,681,062	 12,088,812	
(1,133,480)	 (1,810,613)	 527,004	 413,827	 (5,764,583)	 (1,915,099)	
711,132	(604,628)	(548,653)	(706,007)	(536,008)	(797,191)	
(598,285)	656,620	606,035	762,525	595,670	863,437	
-	-	-		360,000	-	
-	-	6,323,476	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	56,241	(56,776)	
-	 _	 	 	 	 -	
112,847	 51,992	 6,380,858	 56,518	 475,903	 9,470	
(1,020,633)	\$ (1,758,621)	\$ 6,907,862	\$ 470,345	\$ (5,288,680)	\$ (1,905,629)	\$

9.47%

10.17%

9.90%

6.00%

77

5.84%

5.66%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

TABLE 5

	A P	TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE ERSONAL ROPERTY	 TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE REAL PROPERTY	 TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	TOTAL DIRECT TAX RATE
Year ended September 30, 2019 Year ended September 30, 2018 Year ended September 30, 2017 Year ended September 30, 2016 Year ended September 30, 2015 Year ended September 30, 2014 Year ended September 30, 2013 Year ended September 30, 2012 Year ended September 30, 2011	\$	27,682,663 38,867,712 38,406,710 36,295,321 34,135,262 33,326,092 30,592,813 29,760,154 27,831,103	\$ 1,799,802,432 1,692,308,676 1,638,595,415 1,551,854,285 1,421,781,934 1,395,181,683 1,369,899,848 1,322,404,572 1,321,653,792	\$ 1,827,485,095 1,731,176,388 1,677,002,125 1,588,149,606 1,455,917,196 1,428,507,775 1,400,492,661 1,352,164,726 1,349,484,895	0.386439 0.386439 0.389900 0.390262 0.390262 0.390262 0.390262 0.355662 0.355662

Notes:

Source: Bexar County Appraisal District

Property in the City of Alamo Heights is reassessed every year at estimated actual value. For this reason, assessed value is equal to estimated actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

TABLE 6

_	CIT	Y DIRECT RATES		OVERLAPPING RATES								
FISCAL PERIOD	М & О	I & S	TOTAL CITY	ALAMO HEIGHTS ISD	BEXAR COUNTY	COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	HOSPITAL	OTHER	TOTAL			
2019	0.336439 %	0.050000 %	0.386439 %	1.1950 %	0.27743 %	0.14915 %	0.276235 %	0.04225 %	2.32650 %			
2018	0.336439	0.050000	0.386439	1.2550	0.27743	0.14915	0.276235	0.04225	2.38650			
2017	0.332900	0.057000	0.389900	1.1950	0.29325	0.14915	0.276235	0.03299	2.33653			
2016	0.330762	0.059500	0.390262	1.1950	0.29750	0.14915	0.276235	0.03429	2.34244			
2015	0.336486	0.053776	0.390262	1.1950	0.29750	0.14915	0.276235	0.04820	2.35635			
2014	0.325762	0.064500	0.390262	1.2050	0.28380	0.14915	0.276235	0.04820	2.35265			
2013	0.319454	0.070808	0.390262	1.2180	0.29620	0.14915	0.276235	0.04805	2.37790			
2012	0.316157	0.039505	0.355662	1.2180	0.29620	0.14915	0.276235	0.04805	2.34330			
2011	0.325127	0.030535	0.355662	1.1980	0.29620	0.14160	0.276200	0.04800	2.31566			
2010	0.325127	0.030535	0.355662	1.1680	0.29620	0.14160	0.276200	0.04730	2.28496			

Notes:

Source: Bexar County Appraisal District

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply within the City of Alamo Heights.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT PERIOD AND NINE PERIODS AGO

TABLE 7

			2019				2010	
				PERCENTAGE				PERCENTAGE
				OF				OF
				TOTAL CITY				TOTAL CITY
	-	TAXABLE		TAXABLE		AXABLE		TAXABLE
	P	SSESSED	DANIZ	ASSESSED	P	SSESSED	DANIZ	ASSESSED
TAXPAYERS		VALUE	RANK	VALUE		VALUE	RANK	VALUE
HEB GROCERY COMPANY LP	\$	17,165,217	1	0.93%	\$	12,160,500	1	2.55%
GLENN H HUDDLESTON		8,270,780	2	0.45%		4,459,100	7	0.94%
ALAMO HEIGHTS TREEHOUSE LTD		8,250,000	3	0.45%		6,000,000	4	1.26%
CHRISTOPHER GOLDSBURY JR		6,662,142	4	0.36%		7,737,840	3	1.63%
STEWART CENTER INC		6,497,678	5	0.35%		-		n/a
SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE		6,122,832	6	0.33%		9,952,480	2	2.09%
GEORGE A GEIS		6,031,300	7	0.33%		5,055,606	5	1.06%
BEXAR DIVERSIFIED INC MF-1 LLC		5,521,630	8	0.30%		-		n/a
BARNES WILLIAM MICHAEL &		5,242,100	9	0.29%		4,737,127	6	1.00%
A TW ELL PROPERTIES LTD		4,680,940	10	0.25%		-		n/a
LUCKY DOG DEVELOPMENT		-		-		3,662,300	9	0.77%
SOUTHWEST FND FOR RESEARCH		-		-		3,730,230	8	0.78%
JEDDERY A. and ANNE Z. ROCHELLE				-		3,500,000	10	0.74%
TOTAL	\$	74,444,619		4.14%	\$	60,995,183		12.82%

Note:

Source: Bexar County Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS (IN THOUSANDS)

TABLE 8

	FO	THE F			ED WITHIN CAL YEAR HE LEVY PERCENTAGE OF LEVY	COLLECTIO IN SUBSEQUI YEARS	-			OLLECTIONS DATE PERCENTAGE OF LEVY
	FISCA	LPERIOD	Alv	IOUNI	OF LEVI	ILAKS		AM	OUNT	OF LEVI
2019	\$	6,593	\$	6,548	99.32%	\$ -		\$	6,548	99.32%
2018		6,291		6,248	99.32	18			6,266	99.60
2017		6,160		6,115	99.27	28			6,143	99.72
2016		5,875		5,819	99.05	41			5,860	99.74
2015		5,449		5,415	99.38	19			5,434	99.72
2014		5,208		5,123	98.37	75			5,198	99.81
2013		5,122		5,089	99.36	24			5,113	99.82
2012		4,619		4,582	99.20	29			4,611	99.83
2011		4,619		4,584	99.24	29			4,613	99.87
2010		4,763		4,718	99.06	40			4,758	99.90

Note:

Source: Bexar Appraisal District

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

TABLE 9

FISCAL		OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ^a GENERAL	CAPITAL	BUSINESS ACTIVI COMBINATION TAX AND		TOTAL PRIMARY	PERCENT AGE OF PERSONAL	PER
PERIOD	REVENUE BONDS CO's b	OBLIGATION BONDS °	LEASES	REVENUE BONDS CO's b	OBLIGATION BONDS c	GOVERNMENT	INCOME d	CAPITA ^d
2019 2018	\$ -	\$ 5,673,836 6,401,798	\$ 26,600 111,260	\$ - -	\$ 1,187,629 1,321,083	\$ 6,888,065 7,834,141	0.89% 1.22%	802 975
2017	-	7,114,760	165,574	-	1,449,536	8,729,870	1.54	1,086
2016	490,000	7,337,722	231,544	110,000	1,462,990	9,632,256	1.65	1,160
2015	2,575,000	5,799,158	214,352	1,610,000	-	10,198,510	1.85	1,306
2014	3,010,000	5,990,332	323,894	1,715,000	-	11,039,226	2.42	1,570
2013	3,415,000	6,186,506	-	1,815,000	-	11,416,506	2.50	1,624
2012	3,785,000	6,322,680	-	1,910,000	-	12,017,680	2.63	1,706
2011	4,120,000	-	-	2,000,000	-	6,120,000	1.34	870
2010	4,420,000	-	-	2,090,000	-	6,510,000	1.95	889

Notes:

- a. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in note 3 in the financial statements.
- b. The City issued \$6,300,000 of Tax and Revenue Bonds Certificates of Obligation in 2012.
- c. The City refunded \$2,850,000 of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligations, Series 2007 in 2016.
- d. See Table 11 for personal income and population data for the City. These ratios are calculated only using personal income and population for the year.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

TABLE 10

						PERCENTAGE OF		
						ESTIMATED		
	G	FENERAL	LESS:	AMOUNTS		ACTUAL TAXABLE		
FISCAL	OB	LIGATION	AVAILA	BLE IN DEBT		VALUE OF	F	PER
YEAR		BONDS	SERV	/ICE FUND	 TOTAL	PROPERTY	CA	PITA
2019	\$	5,673,836	\$	125,774	\$ 5,548,062	0.32%	\$	646
2018		6,401,798		117,524	6,284,274	0.38		782
2017		7,114,760		105,351	7,009,409	0.41		872
2016		7,827,722		73,077	7,754,645	0.48		993
2015		8,374,158		55,856	8,318,302	0.57		1,035
2014		9,000,332		166,589	8,833,743	0.62		1,132
2013		9,601,506		186,690	9,414,816	0.67		1,339
2012		10,107,680		106,281	10,001,399	0.74		1,422
2011		4,120,000		91,053	4,028,947	0.30		573
2010		4,420,000		167,417	4,252,583	0.30		605

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF

September 30, 2019

TABLE 11

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	01	DEBT JTSTANDING		ASOF	ESTIMATH PERCENTA APPLICAB	GE	S	STIMATED HARE OF ÆRLAPPING DEBT
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes								
Alamo Community College District	\$	437,330,000	*	9/30/2019	1.37	%	\$	5,991,421
Alamo Heights Independent School District		182,945,000	*	9/30/2019	29.94			54,773,733
Bexar County		1,860,590,000	*	9/30/2019	1.37			25,490,083
Bexar County Hospital District		840,300,000	*	9/30/2019	1.37			11,512,110
Total Overlapping Debt:								97,767,347
City of Alamo Heights								5,700,436
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT							\$	103,467,783
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT % OF A.V.:								5.83%
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT PER CAPITA:							\$	12,161

* Gross Debt

The overlapping debt was received from the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas, except the Alamo Heights Independent School District which was obtained directly. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in note 3 to the current financial statements.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

TABLE 12

YEAR	POPULATION]	PERSONAL INCOME	PEI	PER APITA RSONAL ICOME	MEDIAN AGE	EDUCATION LEVEL IN YEARS OF SCHOOLING		SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
2019	8,593	\$	778,061,778	\$	90,546	43	70.50%		4,786	2.90%
2018	8,038		643,562,470		80,065	44	73.60		4,808	3.10
2017	8,038		566,687,038		70,501	44	73.60		4,808	3.20
2016	8,038		566,687,038		70,501	45	71.40	*	4,808	3.80
2015	7,806		550,018,566		70,461	44	15.70		4,800	3.70
2014	7,031		456,916,566		64,986	40	15.73		4,800	4.30
2013	7,031		456,916,566		64,986	40	15.73		4,800	5.30
2012	7,031		456,916,566		64,986	40	15.73		4,793	6.00
2011	7,031		456,916,566		64,986	40	15.73		4,750	7.30
2010	7,319		334,039,160		45,640	40	15.73		4,460	6.80

Notes:

* In fiscal year 2016, City started to use percentage of persons with a bachelor's degree.

Sources: Various city departments, Alamo Heights Independent School District, and Texas Workforce Commission.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT PERIOD AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 13

		2019			2010			
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT (1)	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT (2)		
Lackland Air Force Base	37,097	1	3.10%	28,100	2	3.29%		
Fort Sam Houston	32,000	2	2.67%	30,793	1	3.61%		
United Services Automobile Assoc	18,305	3	1.53%	14,582	3	1.74%		
H.E.B. Food Stores	17,079	4	1.43%	14,588	4	1.71%		
Northside Independent School Dist	13,977	5	1.17%	12,597	5	1.48%		
City of San Antonio	13,881	6	1.16%	9,000	8	1.05%		
Randolph Air Force Base	11,068	7	0.92%	10,700	6	1.25%		
Methodist Healthcare System	11,020	8	0.92%	7,013	10	0.82%		
North East Independent School Dist	8,763	9	0.73%	10,223	7	1.20%		
Baptist Health System	6,383	10	0.53%	N/A	N/A	N/A		
San Antonio Independent School District				7,581	9	0.89%		
Totals	169,573		14.16%	145,177		17.04%		

Notes:

Statistics for the San Antonio Metropolitan area are relevant to the City of Alamo Heights which is landlocked by the City of San Antonio.

Source: Economic Development Division, City of San Antonio, Texas, Greater San Antonio Chamber of Commerce, Economic Development Foundation, and San Antonio Business Journal Book of Lists.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

									TA	BLE 14
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government										
Administration	7	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	9	9
										9
Municipal Court	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I
Planning and Development	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	4
Public Safety										
Police	23	23	23	25	24	24	24	24	23	23
Communications Center	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9
Fire	18	18	18	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
EMS	6	6	6	8	8	9	9	9	9	9
Public Works										
Public Works Administration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Parks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Streets	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Solid Waste	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Utilities	10	10	10	10	8	8	8	8	8	8
Totals	100	99	99	105	101	101	102	102	102	104

Note:

Source: Fiscal years 2009 through current are authorized positions adopted with the City Budget. Prior years are obtained from Texas Workforce Commission worksite quarterly reports as of March 31 and is a cumulative total of employees for that quarter.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Government				
Building permits issued	244	249	242	172
Police				
Arrests	368	282	379	249
Parking Violations	371	361	357	428
Traffic Violations	5,168	5,552	4,246	5,538
Fire				
Number of calls answered	1,663	1,406	1,399	1,502
Number of fire responses	614	489	452	581
Number of EMS responses	1,049	917	947	921
Number of inspections	288	284	209	190
Number of training classes	713	531	708	899
Water				
New connections	18	29	22	9
Water Main Breaks	15	13	11	6
Total consumption (gallons)	606,513,000	579,934,834	593,338,470	660,050,100
Daily average consumption (gallons)	1,661,679	1,588,863	1,625,585	1,808,356
Number of Service Connections	3,131	3,077	3,037	3,055
Average daily use per connection	531	516	535	592
Sewer				
Total customers	2,766	2,784	2,772	2,755

Note:

Source: Various City Departments

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
132	267	298	360	343	333
249	205	224	261	280	543
428	303	269	528	579	362
5,392	6,169	5,622	5,964	8,831	7,545
1,400	1,500	1,255	1,495	1,433	1,530
526	652	483	587	562	641
874	848	772	908	871	889
372	484	414	824	862	326
1009	752	725	376	993	91
25	23	2	3	1	2
11	8	6	8	11	20
552,095,866	644,466,602	682,036,363	564,345,957	646,653,046	502,069,233
1,512,591	1,765,662	1,868,592	1,567,628	1,796,258	1,394,637
3,046	2,963	2,940	2,938	2,979	2,906
497	596	636	534	603	480
2,746	2,688	2,686	2,686	2,711	2,683

TABLE 15

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL PERIODS

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2019	2018	2017	2016
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	8	7	7	7
Fire				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Training facility	2	2	2	2
Fire apparatus	2	2	2	2
EMS				
Ambulance	3	3	3	3
Sanitation				
Garbage trucks	6	6	6	6
Streets				
Streets paved (miles)	41.40	41.40	41.40	41.40
Lane miles	1,048.00	1,048.00	1,048.00	1,048.00
Parks				
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	2	2
Animal control				
Control vehicle	1	1	1	1
Water				
Number of reservoirs	1	1	1	1
Number of pump stations	6	6	6	6
Number of water mains (miles)	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.2
Sewer				
Sanitary sewers (miles)	32	32	32	32

Note:

Source: City asset listing and various City departments

TABLE 16

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
1 7	1 7	1 7	1 7	1 7	1 6
1	1	1	1	/	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
	2		2	2	2
2 2	2	2 2	2		
3	3	3	3	3	3
6	6	6	6	6	6
40.25	40.25	40.25	40.25	40.25	40.25
1,018.90	1,018.90	1,018.90	1,018.90	1,018.90	1,018.90
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	-
1	1	1	1	1	1
6	6	6	6	6	6
44.2	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.2
32	32	32	32	32	32